FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

Fort Almanac—April 14.

Sun Rises	5.28 A M
Sun Sets	6.33 P M
Day's Length	13 h 03 m
High Water at Southport	8 15 A M
High Water at Wilmington	9.58 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., April 14.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 62°; 8 p. m., 67°; maximum, 76°; minimum, 59°; mean 68°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month up to date, .39.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Forecast for Tuesday: Fair; southerly winds.

The temperature has risen decidedly on the Atlantic coast, but it is cooler in the central valleys and the upper Lake regions.

Very warm and fair weather will continue from New England southward to Florida. Local thunder storms are indicated for the regions north of the Ohio valley, with cooler weather in the east portion of the Lake regions.

OUTLINES.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, has been nominated by the President to be Consul General for the United States at Havana, vice Raymond A. Williams resigned. —— The funeral of ex-Governor Thos. M. Holt was held yesterday at Graham; many prominent people from this State and Virginia were present. —— The United States ex-slave owners' registration bureau of Washington, D. C., has been declared by the Postmaster General to be in violation of the postoffice regulations and not entitled to the privileges of the mails. —— The 153d anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson, the founder of the Democratic party, was celebrated yesterday at Monticello, Va. —— Spaniards in Havana still clam to be confident that President Cleveland will not recognize Cuban belligerency; the insurgent leaders declare they will never lay down arms until Cuba is free; an American of wide experience who has been in Cuba several months says the United States should recognize the belligerency of the insurgents and gives eight reasons for such action; executions of several revolutionists will take place in Havana this week. ——Capt. Jos. F. Johnston, the free silver candidate for Governor of Alabama, will have not less than 890 out of 504 votes in the State Convention. —— The worst snow storm ever known in the West is reported from New Mexico; at Lander, Wyoming, a mud storm preceded by snow covered the ground to the depth of two inches. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 80@3½ per cent., last loan at 3, and closing offered at 3; cotton dull; middling gulf 8¼c; middling 7⅞c; Southern flour dull but steady; common to extra fair $2.40@3.00; good to choice $3.00@3.30; wheat—spot dull and firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator nominal; afloat nominal; Corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 40c; afloat 41c; spirits turpentine dull and steady at 28½@29c; rosin firmer; strained, common to good $1.80@1.85.

A man named Gallon was arrested in Philadelphia the other day for being too full.

A New Mexico Judge says the country editor in his beat can be bought for $2.50. And they would be dear at that price.

The taxable real estate in the city of Philadelphia is valued at $780,000,000. In new York it is $3,000,000,000; in Boston, $951,000,000.

Mr. Armstrong, the famous horse breeder of Ohio, is a life long friend of Wm. McKinley. But it is Marcus Hanna who has Wm. in training.

A New York woman wants a divorce from her 84 year old husband because he ordered her to black his boots. For meanness that old fellow takes the shine.

Pennsylvania capitalists are shipping coal to Germany and are making money. This will do if some enquiring scientist over there doesn't discover that American coal has disease germs in it.

Although Capt. Joe Johnston carried the Alabama primaries for Governor, Saturday, by an overwhelming majority on a straight free silver issue, the gold people are claiming that the State Convention will indorse Cleveland and adopt a "sound money" platform. Wait and see.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 19. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,854

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

REDUCED TO $5.00.

BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Beginning April 1st next, the following reduced rates of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR will go into effect:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

HARRITY'S EYES OPENED.

Mr. Wm. F. Harrity is Chairman of the National Democratic Committee. About a week ago he went to Chicago, where he asserted in a most positive manner that the Chicago convention would adopt a "sound money" (gold standard) platform and nominate "sound money" candidates. The STAR of Sunday, it will be recallrd, ventured to ask him to explain how he found this out. It now appears that he hadn't found it out at all; for he has returned from Chicago to his home in Philadelphia, and is "skeered out of his boots." Now he says (only a few days after he "knew it all") that the "sound money" Democrats "must push their organization if they hope to defeat the free silver issue at the convention." Very likely Mr. Harity discovered, while in Chicago, that Illinois was for free silver; and, possibly, too, he may have heard that his so called "sound money" Democrats carried only three out of twenty eight wards in the great city of St. Louis.

In the death of ex Governor Thos. M. Holt, North Carolina has lost a citizen who in whatever position he held has always served her well and loyally. As a citizen, he was patriotic and devoted, as a son he was fond and proud of his mother State, as a business man he was broad-gauged and progressive, as an individual he was amiable, and with all his well earned wealth, a plain, unpretentious man, in every way reliable and deserving of the high esteem in which he was justly held. North Carolina may have produced more brilliant sons, but none have gone from her who have left names more deserving of kind and honored remembrance.

The Petersburg *Index Appeal*, a vigorous opponent of free silver, is constrained to make the following admission:

"The free silver Democrats of Virginia are undoubtedly aggressive and full of fight, and the indications point strongly to the control of the State Convention by them. Not only in the rural sections, but in the cities also, the sentiment is favor of free coinage is growing even among intelligent and well-informed men."

Hamilton county, Tennessee, held her Democratic convention last Saturday, adopted the unit rule and by a practically unanimous vote adopted resolutions favoring the free and unlimited coinage of silver. This news is interesting in view of the fact that the large and thriving city of Chattanooga is in Hamilton county. Every delegate to the State convention is for free coinage.

Sir Wm. Holdsworth, bimetallist, in the English House of Commons, told the Englishmen that England had more to fear from "the yellow man with the white metal than from the white man with the yellow metal." This was a happy allusion to the growing competition of the silver using countries of Asia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAMME—Spring styles.
THE MAYOR—Sealed bids.
CLAYTON GILES—For sale.
HARDIN—Homœopathic remedies.
MASONIC—Meeting St. John's Lodge.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. H. Butters, of Hub, is in the city.

— Mr. Ed. T. Pullen was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Jeff. D. Sessoms, of Ivanhoe, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. S. Freeman, of Elizabeth City, is in the city on a visit.

—Mr. Virginius Hall, of Richmond, Va., is in the city, a guest of The Purcell.

— T. Y. Strayton, of Philadelphia, is in the city, stopping at The Purcell.

— Mr. W. F. Simpson, of New York, is in the city, registered at The Purcell.

— Messrs. A. J. Galloway, of Goldsboro, and Bruce Williams, of Burgaw, are in the city on business.

— Messrs. C. Wilson, of Salem; S. T. Morgan, of Durham; E. D. Kyle, N. C., and J. W. Anderson, of Charlotte were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The revenue cutter *Colfax*, it is said, is to be painted white.

— Strawberries, the Florida variety sell in market here at 25c per quart basket.

— There was five and a half feet water in the river at Fayetteville Sunday at 8 a. m.

— Sound money is money that is as "sound as a silver dollar." An old expression, but a strong one.

— Is there as good a daily newspaper as THE MORNING STAR printed in North Carolina at $5 00 per year?

— Local forecast: Conditions yesterday indicated increased cloudiness and probably showers to day; slightly warmer.

— The Hibernian Benevolent Association will have one of their always-popular "Sociables" at Hibernian Hall Wednesday night. It is for a benevolent purpose.

— "W. D. A.," who advertised in Sunday's STAR for a clerk, is requested to send around a hand cart to this office and haul away the responses to his advertisement.

— Mr. H. L. Fentress received a telegram last evening from Wilson N. C., announcing the death of Mr. E. M. Nadal, his brother-in-law and a prominent citizen and druggist of Wilson. The funeral will take place to-day at Wilson.

— Capt. Jos. F. Johnston, who, as the free-silver candidate, won a signal victory in the Alabama primaries last Saturday, is a native of North Carolina and is a near relative of Mrs. John H. Sharp, formerly of Wilmington. He is well known to many of our people.

— Warrants were issued yesterday for the arrest of several colored men who assaulted Mr. J. S. Williams and Mr. C. V. Motte, on Seventh street near Red Cross Sunday evening about 6 o'clock. Mr. Williams was struck on the head and severely hurt. He fired a shot from a pistol at his assailants, when they ran off.

— The sharpie Adelaide, coming up the river from Southport last Friday evening with a load of oyster shells, sprung aleak and sunk in eighteen feet of water near Orton. Capt. Willis, the master of the vessel, and the crew of three men climbed the mast and clung to it until rescued by persons on shore who went out to the vessel with a row-boat.

Funeral of the Late W. B. Barnes.

The funeral of the late W. B. Barnes, whose remains arrived here on Sunday from Los Angeles, Cal., took place yesterday afternoon from Grace M. E. Church, Rev. Mr. Willis, the pastor, conducting the services, assisted by Rev. W. B. Oliver, pastor of the First Baptist church. A large number of sorrowing relatives and friends followed the remains to Bellevue Cemetery, where the body was interred. The pall-bearers were: Honorary, Jas. H. Taylor, W. M. Poisson; active, Messrs. Walker Taylor, Duncan McEachern, Jos. D. Smith, Jas. F. Post, Jr., Edgar G. Parmele, Mike Cronly, Jr.

The deceased was an entered apprentice of St. John's Lodge, No. 1, A. F. and A. M., and a retired active member of Wilmington Steam Fire Engine Co. No. 1. The following as a committee from the company attended the funeral: Messrs. J. W. Monroe, president; H. G. Walsh, vice president; W. C. VonGlahn, foreman; E. J. Jones, first assistant foreman; R. F. Warren, H. D. Burkheimer.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—52 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 27 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—111 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 86 bbls rosin, 13 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—2 bales cotton, 17 casks spirits turpentine, 124 bbls rosin, 34 bbls tar.

Schooner Stonewall—21 casks spirits turpentine, 180 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 165 bales, spirits turpentine, 45 casks; rosin, 340 bbls; tar, 70 bbls; crude turpentine 9 bbls.

Carolina Central Mails.

Mail matter is now taken on the Carolina Central Sunday train for points between Wilmington and Hamlet. It is not, however, distributed by that train, but is brought back from Hamlet and distributed Monday by the regular mail train coming this way. A similar arrangement has been made for post-offices between Hamlet and Charlotte. The same delivery for our Sunday mail has been attempted heretofore by a round-about connection, but it has always been uncertain and irregular. The new plan should work much better.

Charleston Inter-State Shoot.

The Inter-State shoot to take place in Charleston, beginning to-day, will be an interesting occasion to sportsmen whose delight is the gun. It will continue three days, and will be under the management of Mr. Sharer, who officiated so acceptably at the Inter-State shoot held in Wilmington. The Charleston programme is a very attractive one, and offers to good shots the opportunity of coming away with well filled purses. A Wilmington team is expected to take part in the cannonading.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

THE KING'S DAUGHTERS.

A Charming Entertainment in Aid of Their Charitable Work at Abbie Chadbourn Memorial Hall.

A large and fashionable audience greeted the well-deserving entertainment given by the Hospital Circle of the King's Daughters, in the Abbie Chadbourn Memorial Hall. Before the entertainment began all the seats in the hall were filled with one of the most cultured audiences that ever gathered in Wilmington.

The programme was happily varied, and enlisted a good demonstration of applause. Every selection was received with delight, and special mention should be made of Mrs. McIntire and her class in their artistic representation of graceful movements. Miss Fair M. Payne sang her soprano solos with great effect, and won well-deserving applause. Her voice was sweet and full of melody, showing remarkable power and cultivation.

The programme was opened and closed by the ever generous Southern Mandolin Club, and it is needless to say that the club was among the favorites of the evening, for on every occasion the club is greeted with great delight. The members of the circle are Mrs. Z. Latimer, Mrs. Jas. H. Chadbourn, Mrs. Henry Savage, Mrs. H. G. Latimer, Mrs. W. L. Parsley, Mrs. R. W. Gibson, Mrs. W. B. McKoy, Mrs. Hugh McRae, Mrs. R. N. Sweet, Mrs. J. C. DeRosset, Mrs. A. M. Waddell, Jr., Miss Waddell, Miss Augusta Moore, Miss Anna P. Savage and Miss Serena Chadbourn. The programme was rendered as follows:

PART FIRST.

The Southern Mandolin Club—Selections.
Miss Fair W. Payne, Soprano Solo. "Ask What Thou Wilt," DeKoven.
Masters Clarence and Courtland Curtis, Violin Duo, Sonata—Allegro, Andante, Heddeghen.
Mrs. Joseph H. Watters. Miss Gabrielle DeG. DeRosset, Vocal Duo. "I Would That My Love," Mendelssohn.
Mrs. McIntire and Class, Graces of Long Ago.
Master Courtland Curtis, Violin Solo. Romance—"Air Savoyard," Vieuxtemps.
Messrs. C. H. Cooper, R. F. Fowler, C. H. Robinson, Jr., H. K. Holden, Vocal Quartette. Selections.
Mrs. L. P. H. McIntire, Pantomine, "Almost Persuaded."
Mr. H. K. Holden, Bass Solo, "Stilling the Tempest," Watson.
Miss Fair W. Payne, Soprano Solo, Hawley.
Messrs. C. H. Cooper, R. F. Fowler, C. H. Robinson, Jr., H. K. Holden, Vocal Quartette. Selections.
Mrs. Joseph H. Watters, Mr. Horace M. Emerson, Vocal Duo. Selections.
Mrs. McIntire and Class, Greek Aesthetic Posings.
The Southern Mandolin Club, Selections.
Piano accompaniments by Miss G. DeG. DeRosset, Miss Lucy Chadbourn, Mr. Ed. Munson.

SUPERIOR COURT

For New Hanover County—Judge Starbuck Presiding—First Day of the Term.

The Superior Court for New Hanover county convened yesterday morning, with Judge Henry R. Starbuck on the bench and M. C. Richardson, Esq., solicitor.

Upon the opening of court, Marsden Bellamy, Esq., chairman of the committee selected by the Bar to prepare suitable resolutions in commemoration of the late Hon. George Davis, asked Judge Starbuck to adjourn court at 12 o'clock next Friday that the committee referred to may have an opportunity at that time to confer and formulate appropriate resolutions, and that 3 o'clock of the same afternoon be set apart for the hearing and adoption of said resolutions. His Honor stated that in deference to the wishes of the committee and of the Bar the time asked for would be granted.

The grand jury was drawn as follows: M. J. Corbett (foreman), M. A. Yarborough, J. A. Sutton, R. J. Fitzgerald, Chris. Blake, S. W. Woodcock, E. T. Huggins, S. J. Bryant, Jno. A. Everitt, C. W. Sullivan, Wm. Watters, Jas. Burch, Jno. F. Alderman, Lewis Fryar, I. F. Ebert, Thos. F. Bagley, Jno. G. Davidson, R. A. Kingsbury.

It was ordered by the court that the case of Rittenhouse vs. the Wilmington Street Railway Co. be set for trial on the second Monday of the next term of court.

The following cases were disposed of:

Levy Lane, charged with carrying a concealed weapon, was found guilty and sentenced to six months in the county jail.

Bryant Jones, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to four months in jail.

G. W. Burch and Mag Andrews, f. and a. Judgment suspended on payment of costs.

Tom Robbins, charged with abandonment. Alias capias ordered.

George Statton, charged with embezzlement. Alias capias ordered.

Mary Smith, charged with slander. Nol pros.

John Danhardt, charged with selling liquor on Sunday. Nol pros.

Dan Carr, charged with abandonment. Judgment suspended on payment of costs.

Frank Taylor, charged with larceny. Judgment suspended on payment o costs.

J. S. Williams charged with assault and battery with a deadly weapon. Judgment suspended on payment of costs.

J. S. Williams, charged with carrying a concealed weapon. Judgment suspended on payment of costs.

At 5 p. m. the Court took a recess until 10 a. m. to-day.

"Under Two Flags."

Every night there are rehearsals for the performance of the romantic drama, "Under Two Flags," which will be given at the Opera House Friday night for the benefit of the Cornelius Harnett monument fund. Tickets are now on sale at J. Hicks Bunting's drug store, J. H. Hardin's drug store, Holmes & Watters' grocery store and C. W. Yates' book store. The box sheet will be open next Thursday morning.

RALEIGH NEWS LETTER.

POLITICAL GOSSIP AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Russell People Building—Ex-Judge Jas. C. MacRae Suggested as the Democratic Candidate for Governor—Ex-Gov. Holt's Funeral Attended by Gov. Carr and All the State Officers—Rev. A. C. Dixon's Revival.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 13.

The Russell people are exceedingly happy in view of the declaration of the several Republican county conventions held Saturday. Loge Harris says the Dockery people were outdone and outvoted in Charlotte and they got mad and left the regular convention.

I asked Chambers Smith who was his choice for Governor and his reply was ex-Judge James C. MacRae. Mr. MacRae has many admirers. He has great strength in the silver ranks.

Rev. A. C. Dixon preaches to larger crowds than ever. There have been over one hundred conversions. People go to church an hour ahead of time in order to get seats.

It is a noticeable fact that the Populists are keeping their Presidential nominee in the background; very little is ever heard of the nomination of a candidate. Hal Ayer says he thinks Joseph Sibley is the man. Sibley was here last Fall and made a speech before a tremendous crowd at Apex, this county.

At least 175 people left on the morning train to attend the funeral of the late Governor Holt, which occurred at Haw River to-day. Governor Carr, all the State officers and many other prominent people went from here. The flags on the Capitol fly at half mast. His death cast a gloom over the entire city. North Carolina has not had a more popular Chief Executive than he.

Thirty-one years ago Raleigh was in possession of Sherman's army. He made his entrance into the city thirty-one years ago to-day.

The telephone line between Henderson and Louisburg is nearly completed.

The office of assistant deputy collector in the Internal Revenue department has been created in Durham. Mr. A. B. Williams has been appointed to the position.

McKinley buttons are in evidence in this city. They are being distributed everywhere by "Bailey of N. C."

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

President Samuel Spencer has issued an order announcing that Col. A. B. Andrews, vice president of the Southern Railroad, will perform the duties of president of the Southern while he is absent in Europe.

Naval Reserves.

A meeting of the Wilmington Division was held last night. It was decided to have a portrait of the late commander, Francis Winslow, placed in the armory. A committee was appointed to have the painting made—Messrs. J. G. Marshall, Seymour W. Merrell and Joe. H. Hinton.

It was decided to have the monitor *Nantucket* removed to this side of the river, and a committee—Messrs. Geo. L. Morton, W. W. Holladay, Hugh L. Miller and S. W. Merrell—was appointed to see Mr. Thos. C. James, of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad, to ascertain at what cost it could be landed at their wharf, foot of Chesnut street.

The matter of improving the armory was then taken up and a committee of three appointed, as follows: Messrs. Anson W. King, W. M. Morris and J. G. Marshall, to have bids as to what the proposed remodelling and painting would cost.

The company will decide to-night whether they will go to Richmond to attend the unveiling of the Jefferson Davis monument in June next.

Opera House.

The attraction at the Opera House to-morrow night and afternoon will be Miss Emily Bancker and her superb company of well known players in a farce called "Our Flat." Miss Bancker is best known as principal in a number of Charles Frohman's original productions. "Our Flat" is an importation from London. It came over here placarded with announcements that it met with extraordinary success at the Strand Theatre in that city. The play illustrates the comical side of life in a fashionable apartment house. It is brimful of humor, and embraces ridiculous situations, but underneath there is a strong current of interest, which holds the attention much more than the made-to-order fun of the average modern farce comedy.

The box sheet for to-morrow night's performance is now open at Yates. Prices for the special matinee to-morrow afternoon, 25 cents for children and 50 cents for adults. Evening prices, 50 and 75 cents.

MORE HELP FOR CUBA.

Three More Cargoes of Arms and Ammunition Reported to Have Landed.

A telegram from Key West of April 11th says:

New was received here last night of the landing on Cuban soil of the expedition commanded by Colonel Monson Aguirre, which was composed of 45 men, 800 rifles, 400,000 cartridges and a large amount of dynamite.

Although the expedition cost but $50,000 it is considered as important as those of Garcia and Callazo, because no money was spent on a steamer for it. Senor Colas with special orders from delegate Palma, managed the affair in Key West and Tampa. He was assisted by Senor Payo and Senor Figueredo.

Word has also been received here that two schooners loaded with arms and ammunition, but having no men aboard except those in the crews, had arrived safely in Cuba, leaving their cargoes in the hands of General Maceo's army.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

REV. PEYTON H. HOGE, D. D.

A Call to the Pastorate of the Independent Presbyterian Church, of Savannah.

The Savannah *News* of Sunday has the following:

Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., of Wilmington, N. C., will occupy the pulpit at the Independent Presbyterian church this morning and to-night.

Dr. Hoge, it is understood, has been invited to the pastorate of the Independent church, the invitation having been extended to him at a meeting held some weeks ago. Dr. Hoge is well known throughout a section which extends far beyond his pastorate at Wilmington, where he has been in charge for a number of years of the First Presbyterian church.

Dr. Hoge has not yet, however, decided to accept the invitation extended him by the Independent church. He will probably leave the city to-morrow to return to Wilmington, and will not return unless he decides to accept the call that has been tendered him.

The invitation was unanimous on the part of the congregation, it is understood, and a general desire has been expressed to have him accept it. He will undoubtedly be listened to this morning with a great deal of interest. Dr. Hoge is stopping with Mr. Randolph Anson.

[A representative of the STAR made inquiries yesterday in reference to the above, and found that the impression, amounting to almost a conviction, among the members of Dr. Hoge's congregation in Wilmington is that he will not accept the call to the Independent Church in Savannah. This the STAR is glad to announce, for the retirement of Dr. Hoge from this present field would be a distinct loss, not only to the First Presbyterian Church, but to our entire community.—EDITOR STAR.]

Review of R. G. Dun & Co.

The Weekly Review of Business and Finance issued by the Mercantile Agency of R. G. Dun & Co. last week shows a new feature and a noteworthy improvement. This is a quarterly statement of "failures by branches of business." Concerning this feature the publishers say:

"From this statement the relative effect of existing conditions upon the different industries and the different branches of business can be compared, and with the aid of records for the same month of previous years the effects of all changes in conditions upon each industry or branch. Alike to the practical man and to the student of economic problems, the returns thus possess a value and instructiveness which none published heretofore have possessed. It is not strange that they are sought with avidity by merchants of all departments who have to determine how far to extend or restrict credits in particular directions, and especially by bankers who need to watch constantly the various branches of business in which they have made loans."

Miss Hattie Whitaker, the accomplished and accommodating Wilmington agent of Messrs. Dun & Co., will give any further information that may be wanted.

MAHER AND SLAVIN

Will Try a Twenty-Rounder May 9th for $6,000.

PITTSBURG, April 13.—Peter Maher and Frank P. Slavin will meet in a 20-round bout before the Eureka Club, Long Island City, N. Y., on May 9, for a purse of $6,000.

Tom O'Rourke came over to Pittsburg from New York to-day and had a conference with Quinn, manager for Maher. O'Rourke had Slavin's signature to the articles of agreement. Quinn will sign the articles on behalf of Maher to-morrow.

DIED.

NADAL—At Wilson, N. C., at 7 p. m., yesterday, Mr. E. M. NADAL.
Funeral to-day at Wilson.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M.

Regular monthly communication this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

WM. M. POISSON, Secretary.

ap 14 1t

For Sale,

THE OLD HOUSE ON EAST SIDE THIRD street, recently occupied by Mr R. G. Rankin. Must be removed immediately, to make room for new buildings.

ap 14 1t CLAYTON GILES.

Hamme, The Hatter,

HAS GOT THEM. GOT WHAT? The latest and most Fashionable Hats, and the Lowest Prices.

ap 14 tf 26 North Front Street.

Sealed Bids

WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE MAYOR'S office, City Hall, until noon April 20th for furnishing the City of Wilmington with Belgian Blocks, Terra Cotta Pipe, Oyster Shells and Lime for fiscal year ending March 31st, 1897. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

W. N. HARRISS, Mayor.

ap 14 1t

A Full and Complete Line of MUNYON'S Homœopathic Remedies —AT— HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY, 126 So. Front St., VonKampen Block. Phone 55.

ap 14 tf

This Bright "Morning Star" WILL SHOW YOU THE WAY TO "The Unlucky Corner."

For Fox River Butter, Mystery Flour, and No. 1 Groceries of all kinds. No shoddy goods, but your money's worth.

Samples of Howell's Milk all gone; but a plenty of the Big Cans left.

Best of attention. Low Prices. Prompt Delivery.

S. W. SANDERS.

apr 13 tf

Buck Ranges!

We now have secured the agency and control of these Celebrated

Stoves and Ranges

for this market. It can hardly be questioned that these are about the finest and best goods made. We have made arrangements with Factory to handle these STOVES at

A Close Price,

which will put them in reach of all that want a STOVE which will do great work and last many years.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

mar 22 tf Wilmington, N. C.

ATTENTION!

THE

Alderman Hardware Co.

have just received a nice line of

Granite Ironware and Tinware.

We mention a few articles below.

GRANITE IRONWARE,
COFFEE AND TEA POTS,
SAUCEPANS, PIE PLATES,
PUDDING PANS,
DAIRY PANS, DISH PANS,
DIPPERS and long handle Spoons

Galvanized Iron Tea Kettles, Slop Jars, Foot Tubs, Infant's Bath Tubs and Water Pots, Tin Toilet Sets, Water Coolers, Bread Boxes, etc.

Agents for the Celebrated

Iron King Cook Stoves AND LIBERTY RANGES.

We guarantee our prices on above goods as low as the lowest, and we will not be undersold. Give us a call.

Alderman Hardware Co.,

29 South Front Street,

mr 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

A Shining Example!

If you want to shine in society you must have a pair of Latest Style Patent Leather Shoes at $5.00.

A pair of our $3.00 Tan Shoes just received will save the expense of shining shoes.

The neatest and most durable Shoe sold is our Ladies' $3.00 Tan Button Shoe.

If you want to shine give us a call.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

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OPERA HOUSE.

WEDFESDAY, APRIL 15th.

Matinee and Night.

Miss Emily Bancker.

In the Big Comedy Success

OUR FLAT.

Illustrating the Comical Side of Life in a Fashionable New York Apartment House.

780 Nights, Strand Theatre, London, England.
100 Nights, Lyceum Theatre, New York City.

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OPERA HOUSE,

FRIDAY, APRIL 17.

Will be presented the Beautiful Realistic Drama

UNDER TWO FLAGS.

Dramatized from Ouida's Celebrated Novel.

Sixty People. New Costumes. Special Scenery. New Music. French Soldiers. Arabian Dancing Girls. Irish Specialties.

Seats 75 and 50 cents.

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Press Boy Wanted.

WANTED, A STOUT, RELIABLE BOY TO run Job Presses, and learn the Job Printing business generally. A boy who has had some experience on presses preferred. Good recommendations required.

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Flour, Sugar, Coffee,

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A large stock of Groceries and Provisions to select from.

A consignment N. C. Bacon just in. Send us your order.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

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Why Is It

That so many people buy their goods at

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S,

FOURTH STREET BRIDGE?

It is because they find such large assortments and such low prices. If you live far from their store and near the street car line, they pay your car fare. When your purchases amount to $10.00 they give you free a beautiful crayon portrait of any one you may wish.

Here are a few prices from the

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Boys' Knee Pants, 20, 40, 50 and 75c.
Children's 8s to 12s, 75c, 98c, $1.25, $1 50 and $2 25.
The $1.50 grades is worth $2.00 and the $2 25 grade sold elsewhere at $3 00.
Boys' Suits 15 to 19 years, all wool, $3 85.
$7 50 Boys' Suits, all wool, $5.00.
Men's Black Cheviot Suits, $3.75.
Mens' $5 00 Business Suits, al. wool, $5 00.
All Wool Men's Black Cray Worsted Suits, only $7.00.
$15.00 Suits, nobby styles, $11 00.
Men's $1 50 Wool Pants, 98c.
Men's $3.00 and $3 50 Pants, new styles, $2.50.
Men's and Boys' Mackintoshes, $4 00 and upwards.

Shoes and Slippers.

Children's Slippers, 25c and upwards.
Ladies' Patent Tip Oxfords, 45c.
$1 50 Tan Oxfords, new styles, $1.00.
$1 00 Slippers in Opera and Common Sense, $1 40.
Boys' and Youths' Tan Shoes, $1 53.
Men's Solid Leather Lace Shoes, $1.00.
Men's Shoes, all styles, "Rehder's Choice," $1.50.
Ladies' and Children's Rubbers, 25c.
Men's hand-sewed shoes, $3 00
New lot of Men's Slippers and low shoes.
Patent Leather Oxfords, men's and boys', $1.35.
Ladies Patent Leather Bow Saddles, $1 02.
Large stock of Straw Hats of every description, and low prices.
Mattings, 10c and upwards.
4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4 Oil Cloths. 4-4 only 25c.
Window shades, 10c and upwards.
Special prices in

Dry Goods, Notions,

HOSIERY & UNDERWEAR.

Don't forget to bring your Punch Card.
Beautiful Crayon Portrait given away when purchases amount to $10.00

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.

'Phone 118.
Write for samples in Dry Goods Department.

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Beans, Beans, Beans.

Large Stock Just Received

EVERY VARIETY SOLD IN THIS SECTION OF

VEGETABLE

—AND—

Farm Seeds

Truckers and Gardners will find it to their interest to buy from

Robt. R. Bellamy. & Co.,

DRUGGISTS AND SEEDSMEN,

Wilmington, N. C.

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THE ONLY CARGO

NEW CROP MOLASSES

directly imported from the

West Indies,

is now discharging at our wharf.

Ex-Schr. Wm. Linthicum,

Direct from Barbadoes. Superior quality. Low prices.

Samples and prices furnished by

WORTH & WORTH,

Only Importers of Molasses in North Carolina.

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$1.00

WIL BUY THE

CHOICE

PAIR

Exhibited in Our Window this Week.

Remember what we sell and where we keep, 63½ steps east from corner Front and Pprincess street.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans.

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UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Boarding Horses.

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call $1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $8.00. Carriage for funeral, $5.00. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1896

Extract from a speech of Hon John G. Carlisle, delivered in the House of Representatives in 1878:

"I know that the world's stock of the precious metals is none too large, and I see no reason to apprehend that it wi l ever become so. Mankind will be fortunate indeed if the annual production of gold and silver shall keep pace with the annual increase of population, commerce and industry. According to my view of the subject, the conspiracy which seems to have been formed here and in Europe to destroy by legislation from three-sevenths to one-half the metallic money of the world is the most gigantic crime of this or any other age. The consummation of such a scheme would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilence and famine that ever occurred in the history of the world. The absolute and instantaneous destruction of half the entire movable property of the world, including houses, ships, railroads and all other appliances for carrying on commerce, while it would be felt sensibly at the moment, would not produce anything like the prolonged distress and disorganization of society that must inevitably result from the permanent annihilation of one-half the metallic money in the world."

Extract from a letter written by Hon. Hoke Smith to Col. W. L. Peek, of Georgia, Sept. 15th, 1890:

" I mentioned a number of measures of proposed reform around which all might gather, and out of them obtain the very best plan for the relief the people that it was possible to pass.

"1. Currency, with non-perishable agricultural products as a basis, the issue to be limited to only a part of the crop, but not to be called in at the end of twelve months. On the contrary, to remain in circulation until a second crop is harvested, and until a portion of the second crop may be substituted for the first, thereby making it possible to keep the money in constant circulation, and to prevent a yearly forced contraction.

"2. The free coinage of silver.

"3. The issue of Treasury notes by which the Government bonds might be redeemed, and instead of the interest-bearing bonds a legal tender currency substituted.

"4. A graded income tax, by which the large fortunes accumulated in the hands of the few might be made to bear their portion of the expense of Government.

"5. A reduction of the tariff generally and especially on the necessaries of life."

TALK THAT MEANS NOTHING.

The Ohio, New York, Massachusetts and New Hampshire Republican State platforms and all other Republican platforms so far adopted profess to favor bimetallism on one condition, that is "international agreement." Some seem to be a little more stuck on it than others, but one means about as much as another does, and that is nothing. These utterances are significant only because they are an echo of the Republican national platform of 1892, and because they foreshadow the straddle that will be enacted when the patriots gather in convention at St. Louis.

We say they foreshadow the straddle which will be made at St. Louis because the deliverance that was to be made upon the silver question was considered by the big bosses and agreed upon before any of these State conventions met, so that each one might be in harmony with the big straddle which has been agreed upon as the deliverance of the patriots who assemble in the Mound City. There may be some slight difference in the way of phrasing these deliverances by the respective conventions, but they are all substantially the same.

We take it for granted that the St. Louis convention will adopt what it will try to palm off on the country as a bimetallic platform when it pronounces on the money question, and will reiterate the empty declarations of four years ago about international agreement, with perhaps some change in dressing up to give it the appearance of being something new. And then, it may be asked, what will all this mean? Nothing. Mere talk; nothing more. Talk, the stock in trade of the tricky politician who wants to fool somebody. If it was the first time this fake was played it might work and fool somebody, but it is a worm-eaten chestnut that can't fool anybody now. Every man who has the sense that he ought to have been born with knows that there is not a particle of sincerity in their "international" bimetallic declarations.

The Republican party was in power from March 4, 1889, to March 4, 1893. There was free silver agitation in those years by men who were not satisfied with the Sherman law, which was passed to placate the silver States after the repeal of the Bland-Allison law. A year or so before the election of 1892, to win the votes of free coinage men in the West, President Harrison, who was a candidate for a second term, announced that he would be glad to see free coinage and to that end he would favor an international congress, to consider and see if some agreement might be reached as to the ratio for coinage. He thus put himself before the country as an international agreement bimetallist, and in his swing 'round the circle in 1892 he talked so sweet on silver when he struck the silver States that the silver men of Denver, Col., presented him with a big silver brick. But he never moved a peg to promote or secure the international congress.

As another part of the programme of deception when the Republican National Convention met, it declared for the free coinage of silver as soon as the leading commercial nations agreed upon the matter of the ratio; but the fake didn't win. President Harrison was relegated to the shades at Indianapolis, and soon forgot all about that international congress, although he was long enough in office after the election to have made a move in that direction. Has anybody ever heard him or any other leading Republican chirp international agreement since until another election began to loom up? And then the nearest they get to it is a parrot performance of the old fake of 1892, which was resorted to with the hope that it would win silver votes enough to elect Harrison.

They didn't mean it then; they don't mean it now, for the men who shape the policies of the Republican party are too intimately associated with and too much influenced by the money bags of the East to do anything to make the free coinage of silver possible, and if there were a prospect of an international congress they would be among the first and the most active to throw cold water on it. They don't want it because their inspirers and masters, the men whose bidding they do, the money-lenders don't want it, and with the Republican party manipulators their will is the law.

The present House of Representatives is very largely Republican, with majority large enough to control the House. There has been a good deal of silver talk and a good deal of debate on that question, but in all this debate, while the opponents of free coinage were harping on "sound money" not a single one of them made any reference to international agreement or made any move in that direction or showed the slightest interest in the calling of such a congress, but yet they all know as well as they can know anything in the future that the next National Convention of their party will declare for the free coinage of silver upon international agreement. As all the "sound money" men in the House and all the "sound money", men in the Senate profess to be in favor of the free coinage of silver upon international agreement, they could very easily have passed a concurrent resolution asking the President to confer with other countries with a view to securing an international monetary congress as soon as practicable, and as Mr. Cleveland is supposed to be an international bimetallist himself there is no good reason to doubt that he would have complied with that resolution.

But no; not a single step has been taken in the direction of securing international agreement, not a word has been published by the organs or a word spoken by the politicians to bring it about, until the time began to draw nigh for the repetition of the same old fake that was played in 1892. That's all there is to the bimetallic rot they are putting into their platforms, papers and speeches now.

MINOR MENTION.

For the eight months ending February 29, 1896, the value of our manufactured exports amounted to $144,067,836, which was 24.41 per cent. of the total. With the same proportion kept up for the other four months this would make the total value of manufactured exports something over $217,000,000. The following statement gives the exports in detail with the value of each and the percentage on the total volume:

	Exports.	Per Cent.
Agriculture	$403,737,490	68 89
Manufactures...	144,067 836	24 41
Mining..........	13,632 095	2.31
Forest	20,665,327	3 51
Fisheries	5,449,389	.93
Miscellaneous ..	2,734 816	.46
Total...........	$509,287,052	100.00

Here then is an increase in the value of manufactured exports and a decrease in the value of agricultural products. The prices of agricultural products have been low, for the American farmer has to contend not only against the gold standard, which fixes the price of his products, but also to compete with other countries which are becoming large producers of bread stuffs, and which can produce and put them in the consuming markets for less than the American farmer can. The manufacturer has competition, too, but his main markets are in silver-using countries where he can compete to better advantage, while the farmer's market is in the gold-using countries where he has to come in competition with the farmers of silver-using countries. But leaving the farmer out of the question, the figures show that the American manufacturer, in whose behalf the protectionists are doing such pitiful howling, is pretty well able to take care of himself, and not only survive but make progress under a "destructive Democratic tariff."

* * *

The reports coming from Washington now indicate that the President will soon take affirmative action on the Cuban belligerency resolutions adopted by Congress. Sunday morning the STAR published a statement containing the salient points in a paper sent by Secretary Olney to Minister Taylor, taken from the Washington *Post* of the 11th inst. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Times*, (who is a very safe man), two days before telegraphed the *Times* that he had it from "absolutely reliable authority" that the President would "about the middle of May issue a proclamation declaring that the United States recognizes the existence of warfare in the Island of Cuba, and that the insurgents shall be accorded belligerent rights in the ports of this country." He has determined on the middle of May because the rainy season sets in about the 1st of May, when fighting will be practically suspended until September, when the insurgents will have been to all intents and purposes in control of the island for nearly two years. This will also give time for an answer to the note offering mediation by this Government, to which reference is made by the correspondent, who says that it was known in Washington that such a paper was prepared for transmission to Spain and had been submitted the President. The statement of the fact that the paper had been prepared is corroborated by the later report of the *Post*, which gives the main points of the paper said to have been sent to Minister Taylor. The tender of mediation shows a friendly disposition on the part of this Government, and forestalls any possible charge of bulldozing by this Government. If it should be rejected, then the President may feel that he has done all that prudence requires him to do in the premises, and there will be nothing left for him to do but to give the resolutions his official recognition.

Kentucky is a great country. It raises not only great statesmen, fast horses and a very exhilarating beverage, but also peart women. There is one of them now in Knott county who at the age of 91 is cutting a new set of teeth.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—As convention day approaches and the financial plank is being hewn closer to the mark, there is evidence that it is the same old, worm-eaten straddle.—*Washington Times, Ind.*

— Oregon, with little or no silver mining industry and standing apart from the States where the agitation has been most persistent yet declares for free silver by a vote of nearly two to one in her Democratic Convention. Every week that passes increases the probability that the bimetallists will have a majority in the National Democratic Convention. As yet we see no reason to change our prediction, long since made, that the Convention will terminate in a bolt by the gold men.—*Columbia State, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— "Clarence," she sighed romantically, "do something true, something brave, something heroic to prove your love for me."

"Well, he faltered, but calmly, "I have offered to marry you."

— The Scoffer—Watts: "Do you really believe that every sin is followed by punishment.

Potts: "Of course. For instance, when some man steals a million or so dollars, don't a lot of people have to starve, as a consequence?—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Mother—Children! Children! Don't make such a frightful noise!

Mattie—We're playin' horse car, mamma.

"Yes, I know, dear; but it isn't necessary to make such a terrible noise."

"Yes, it is, mamma. We've got to where Hattie insists on payin' the fare, and so do I."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— The Cautious Traveller.—Principal (to commercial returning from his travels)—How came you to charge such low prices to Schmidt, who is well known to be a shaky customer?

Commercial—I thought to myself, if the man happens to fail we shouldn't lose so much by him.—*Handelszeitung.*

— He was an "international bimetallist"—"I've enjoyed your lecture on bimetallism very much," said one of the audience to the orator, "but I would like to ask you one question."

"Certainly," said the orator. "go ahead."

"What side of the question are you on?"—*Amusing Journal.*

— Out of Their Reach—I wonder how she manages to keep her youthful bloom with such a large family of children?

"Upon a high shelf, I suppose."

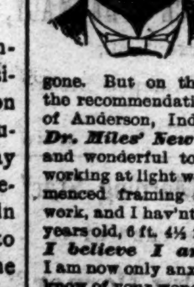
Far away the music of the ball rose softly, and that was all.—*Detroit Tribune.*

— "You women are so ridiculous," said the magazine editor. "You get a dress for a reasonable amount—sometimes—and then go and pay about four or five times as much for the trimmings."

"Well," answered his wife, "I do not see that you have any call to say anything. You pay $7 for a story and $75 to $100 for the illustrations."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but *Constantly grows worse.* There are thousands who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They don't want their friends to worry, and *Don't know what to take for it,* as they have been told time and again that heart disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:

"I had heart disease for 23 years, my heart hurting me almost continually. The first 15 years I doctored all the time, trying several physicians and remedies, until my last doctor told me it was only a



question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I *couldn't lie down* nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart* and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I hav'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. *I believe I am fully cured,* and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose." Forsale by all Druggists. change. June 15 1y su tu th

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Charlotte *News*: Mr. Jas. F. M. Ferrell, of Mallard Creek township, has been doing duty this week as a juror in the Criminal Court. Early this morning he went into Esquire Maxwell's office and began to talk queer. It was evident that he was insane, and on being informed of the matter Judge Meares ordered that he be discharged from duty, paid off and sent home. This was done and a new juror was appointed in place of Mr. Ferrell. The discharged juror showed symptoms of insanity yesterday.

— Concord *Times*: All that is being talked about is the slug of gold found at the Reed mines on Thursday last. For several years these mines have been operated at a great expense, and not until lately have been paying the investment. Nozzle process of surface washing has been adopted by which the earth quartz is washed to a paying advantage, and now the historic Reed is among the best paying. At this mine a vein with fifty feet face has been found and the minerals contained are gold, copper, lead and arsenic, the ore of which is worth about $16.50 per ton. It may be truly said that southeastern Cabarrus is the Eldorado of the United States. Its gold fields are fabulously rich and inexhaustible. Following right in the wake of the big find at the Reed mine, Mr. Monroe Furr, who lives just across the Cabarrus and Stanly line, came in this (Saturday) morning with about a half bushel of the richest specimens we have ever seen. These specimens were picked up a few days since from a pile of ore on Mr. Furr's property. The pile of ore consists of several hundred bushels and was taken out about forty years ago, and the vein is about one foot in thickness. The gold from this mine is of a very high grade, it being worth about 93 cents per pennyweight.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Saturday night about 9 o'clock Dr. J. H. McAden left his drug store and started home-ward. Mr. H. G. Springs accompanied him. The two went down the west side of Tryon. When they got to Mr. D. P. Hutchison's corner —Tryon and Ninth—they parted, Mr. Springs going back up street, Dr. McAden crossing over toward Mr. W. C. Maxwells. As he reached the other side of the street he heard cries of "murder, murder, he is killing me," and looking up the street he saw two men almost in front of Dr. Bradfield's. One seemed to be, as he thought, striking the other. The man who did the striking started down the street toward Ninth street. Dr. McAden stood in the middle of the street thinking he would arrest the man. As the latter came toward him, he called to him to halt, and at the same time made a grab for him. The negro, for such he saw he was, instead of passing on his right, as he expected him to do, darted around him, and as he did so struck him a swift blow on his left arm. He fled down Ninth street toward Church. Dr. McAden pursued him for a short distance, but seeing that it was impossible for him to overtake the negro, he turned to go home. Up to this time he did not know that he was cut, but he felt the blood trickling down his arm, and on feeling his arm found his coat sleeve nearly cut off and the sleeve wet with blood. Hurrying home he took off his coat and found that his coat and shirt sleeves were cut to pieces and the blood was pouring from a long, ugly gash just below his elbow. The cut was two and a half inches long and nearly an inch deep. He went up street and his wound was dressed at McAden's drug store by Dr. McCombs. The negro who was cut had, in the meantime, gotten as far as the Phœnix Drug Company's store. He went in there, and was attended to by Drs. Petree and Winchester. He had several long cuts on one arm, which were so deep that the muscles were cut. There was also a gash on his forehead.

THE ELDER'S PRAYER.

It Was Out of the Regular Order, but Proved Efficacious.

The Rev. H. D. Fisher could not resist the temptation to tell a story on a brother minister:

"It was Presiding Elder Still of the Methodist church. The good old man is dead now, and it can't do any harm to tell this story of him.

"The early traveling of the elder in Kansas was not easy. He had a mule on which he used to ride, and this mule was not always obedient. One day the elder and his mule encountered a swollen stream. Along the edge of the stream the elder and his mule strayed in hope of finding a safe crossing. Finally the elder found a tree that overhung the stream, and from which he believed he could swing to the other side. But the mule couldn't swing. He could swim, however, which the elder couldn't.

"All the extra clothing and the Bible were made into a bundle and tied on the mule's back and the animal led to the water. He swam safely across and began eating grass on the other side.

"The elder looked at the swinging limb, and dropping to his knees, prayed fervently that he might make no mistake in getting across. Then he swung out and landed safely.

"He knelt and thanked the Lord.

"But there was a new obstacle. The mule was having a good time in the grass and refused to be caught again. Several well directed efforts flew wide of the mark, and the good elder was in desperation. He must keep his appointment and he couldn't walk it. There was but one thing for the elder to do, and the elder did it. Down in the damp grass he dropped on his knees and prayed the Lord to help him catch the mule.

"This is the only instance I ever heard of in which a man called on the Lord to help him catch a mule, and to his dying day the elder firmly believed the Lord did it, though it took them both some time."—Topeka Journal.

Mrs. Mary Clement Leavitt, in her travels around the world, found in China a Heavenly Foot society, the members of which are young men pledged not to marry women whose feet are smaller than natural expansion would produce.

Remember you have not a sinew whose law of strength is not action; not a faculty of body, mind or soul whose law of improvement is not energy.—E. B. Hall.

Not Laudatory.

Mrs. Hiram—And have you any references?

Applicant—No, mum. Oi tored 'em up.

Mrs. Hiram (in surprise)—Tore them up? How foolish!

Applicant—Yes wudn't think so, mum, if yez had seen 'em!—London Tit-Bits.

IN THE YEAR 3000.

It is now the forty-second day of the spring season, in the year 3000 A. D. My name—C-234-M. G.—tells the reader my residence, family and the phrenological classification, and when I state that I have reached the mature age of 10, any one must realize that I have something worth telling, or I would never risk the penalty imposed by law upon the purposeless author.

I am a clerk in the bureau of carpet tacks, department of house furnishing of D continent (formerly North America). Although my labor is credited to Guthrie (the governmental center of D continent), I prefer to reside on C continent (formerly Africa) by reason of its superior climatic advantages, as well as the greater selectness of its single tax areas. I have the reputation of being honest and industrious, and, although it takes me nine minutes to reach my office from my home via the Electric Flash system of governmental transit, yet I am as regular in my hours of attendance as those living within a few hundred miles.

Having recently finished my proportion of individual labor for the common good during the current year and received government tickets for the same, I determined to devote my vacation to making a slow journey throughout the world.

My first destination I had determined should be the newest continent of all—continent H (formerly Antarticana)—and the slow passage thither on an airship freighter was a novel sensation indeed. Under the most favorable conditions a speed of over 100 miles an hour was impossible, and the voyage, although enlivened by numerous well told legends of ships that sailed on the water, seemed interminable. When we flew over the gigantic system of mirrors that by deflecting the rays of the sun have made a semitropical country out of this erstwhile icebound coast, the air became rather oppressive, but in a very few minutes we had reached the elevated landings. Rapidly spreading my wing planes, I jumped outward from the deck and soon reached the ground in safety.

The moving sidewalk carried me rapidly to a place of amusement, where a man informed me that a company would give a faithful reproduction of the wonderful American allegory entitled "Uncle Tom's Cabin." He then stated that in the days of Mark Antony (or Mark Twain, as he was sometimes erroneously called) and McKinley Bill immense audiences gathered to witness this pagan spectacle, and that thousands of negroes were torn to pieces by savage bloodhounds for the delectation of the assembled populace. In accordance with the rudely drawn pictures to be found in the extant copies of a curious publication called a comic or conic weekly the part of Little Eva was played by a woman of advanced years and the cakes of ice were represented by specially constructed and labeled soapboxes.

On leaving the public theater I kept on the moving sidewalk for a few miles and then stepped off and walked for fully 20 minutes on the roadway. This unaccustomed exertion was rather fatiguing, and as night was drawing near I made haste to find a place of shelter.

On my right hand I noticed what looked like a human habitation, although it was not constructed of cut glass with inside shades, as is our universal custom. The house, if such it could be called, was seemingly built of painted wood, with square holes in which a few small pieces of glass were set. Attracted by the possibility of an adventure, which of course is very rare nowadays, I walked at once to the door and entered. Almost at the threshold I met the owner, and greeting him cheerfully announced my intention of making a brief stay with him. Much to my surprise, he seemed to demur, but soon recovering his self possession ushered me into a room and introduced me to his daughter. I was rather embarrassed to perceive that she was dressed in the pictured costume of antiquity, but presumed that it was merely done in sportive mood. Yet, truly, she looked a vision of loveliness. There was something almost picturesque in the braided hair, full skirt and jaunty, huge sleeved waist with czarina collar, and although for practical purposes our present universal dress is much better adapted for both sexes I cannot but wish that, in the bosoms of their families at least, women might deign to wear the beautiful costume that historians ascribe to the Parkhurstian period.

On engaging the young person in conversation I was astounded to find that her name was Gladys. Who could believe that this name of the past was worn by a native of the thirtieth century?

But my wonder was further increased when, still wearing the ancient garb, she spread a white cloth upon a table and placed thereon several vessels of the chinaware similar to that now in our school museums. Instead of receiving their portions of the condensed food in gluten capsules from the public food factories, this family had evidently returned to the old time custom of preparing their food themselves in primitive style.

Much as I marveled at this, I took my place at the table with the twain and joined in their unique repast. Strange as it may sound, the roast slices of meat and vegetables boiled in water tasted extremely well, but the trouble and time required to prepare and eat them must become exceedingly monotonous.

After the strange meal was over Gladys' father left us, and I engaged the maiden in conversation.

She was entirely dissimilar to all the women of my acquaintance. Aside from the wearing of such strange drapery, her voice was low and even, instead of having the usual womanly harshness, and her gliding walk and composed manner bore no resemblance to the manners of the brusque, excitable women who lead the van of advanced thought in our world councils.

When I ventured to ask his reasons for returning to barbarism in eating and dressing, he turned on me fiercely and said: "Young man, I'm tired of being a machine. I'm a radical—I believe the good old days were the best, and I'm working as a missionary to endeavor to get the people to vote them back again."

Astounded, stupefied by this madman's ravings, I retired to my bed—but not to sleep. This benighted family did not use the water mattresses, which, yielding to the slightest movement, allow every muscle to relax and sleep, so I tossed the livelong night on a crude feather arrangement, and vowed that I would return home at once and give notice of this dangerous conspiracy to the world.

And so I have done.—Exchange.

A Misnomer.

He—Did you see that painting, "Maiden's Meditation?"

She—Yes. The girl's face was lovely.

He—Why, I thought from the name it was the picture of a man.—Life.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

PAIN-KILLER

THE GREAT

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken Internally, It Cures Diarrhœa, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used Externally, It Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*

An article of great merit and virtue.—*Cin. Nonpareil.*

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—*Montreal Transcript.*

Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—*Tenn. Organ.*

It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—*Newport (Ky.) Daily News.*

It is really a valuable medicine—it is used by many Physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

Beware of imitations, buy only the genuine made by "PERRY DAVIS." Sold everywhere, large bottles, 25 and 50c.

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Is This True?

"I did rather a mean thing today," said a pretty girl to me. "I lunched with a young man who is rather fond of me and means to propose, I think.

"I've not the least idea how he is situated financially, and when he selected the meal in a most expensive restaurant I never said a word. But he ordered two portions of everything, where one would have been quite sufficient, as most diners out know. I hated to see him wasting his money, but I wouldn't interfere."

"Why not?" I asked.

"Well, because it doesn't pay to let a man see that you are economical. That's what mother says, and I guess she knows. Do it once, and you can always do it, for he'll always expect it. But he won't do any economizing on himself. Mother says that too."—New York Recorder.

The Velocity of Light.

Watch the train as it dashes past you with a speed of 60 miles per hour, and after it is lost in the distance sit down on the track and figure a little on the velocity of light. The train has passed with a mighty rush and great noise, but the silent beam of light flits past with a speed 11,179,560 times greater! The initial velocity of a ball fired from a 12 pounder is 1,765 feet per second; that of light, 1,560,134 feet in the same length of time. Comparisons give us but a very poor idea of the velocity, but they enable us to partially comprehend the immensity of the universe, for we know that, with all its prodigious speed, it takes light four hours to flash from Neptune to our earth.—St. Louis Republic.

A reporter, in describing the turning of a dog out of court by order of the bench, says, "The ejected canine, as he was ignominiously dragged from the room, cast a glance at the judge for the purpose of being able to identify him at some future time."

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY's drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	5¾
Standard	7¾	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℘ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ℘ lb	7¾	@	7¾
Shoulders ℘ lb	6¾	@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℘ lb	5¾	@	5¾
Shoulders ℘ lb	5½	@	4¾
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℘ lb	26	@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ℘ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ℘ lb	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	42½	@	45
Virginia Meal	43½	@	42½
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℘ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℘ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℘ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard	-	@	5¾
Yarns, ℘ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℘ dozen	10	@	10½
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℘ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℘ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℘ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring ℘ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℘ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 50
Choice, ...	3 25	@	3 50
Straight	4 10	@	4 25
First Patent		@	4 50
GLUE—℘ lb—	7½	@	10
GRAIN—℘ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,	45	@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White...		@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White...		@	44½
Oats, from store	32½	@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Cow Peas	50	@	60
HIDES, ℘ lb—			
Green	....	@	6
Dry	....	@	8
HAY, ℘ 100 lbs—			
Eastern	....	@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℘ lb	2	@	3¼
LARD, ℘ lb—			
Northern	6½	@	90
North Carolina	8	@	10
LIME, ℘ barrel	....		1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℘ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	18 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common ..	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	...	@	22
" " " in bbls	....	@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	26	@	27½
" " in bbls	25	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls	....	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	25
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 35	@	2 45
PORK, ℘ barrel—			
City Mess	11 50	@	11 00
Rump		@	11 00
Prime		@	11 00
ROPE, ℘ lb	10	@	22
SALT ℘ sack Alum	....	@	75
Liverpool	....	@	65
Lisbon	....	@	....
American		@	65
on 125 ℘ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts	....	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℘ lb—Standard Granu'd	5½	@	5¾
Standard A		@	4⅞
White Ex. C		@	4⅝
ExtraC, Golden	4	@	4⅜
C, Yellow		@	3⅞
SOAP, ℘ lb—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead	....	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping	00	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ℘ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern ..	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ℘ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	12½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 25 cents per gallon for country, and 25½ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 40 per bbl for Strained and $1 45 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at 90 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Firm. Hard 1 30, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1.90 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25c; rosin, strained, $1.15; good strained $1 20; tar $0 95; crude turpentine $1 20, 2 00, 2 50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine........	45
Rosin	340
Tar	70
Crude Turpentine..........	9

Receipts same day last year—19 casks spirits turpentine, 152 bbls rosin, 150 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

PEANUTS.

North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c.

Virginia—Extra Prime, 70@75c; Fancy, 80c.

COTTON MARKET.

Market quiet on a basis of 7⅝c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary............	5¼	cts	℘ lb
Good Ordinary.......	6⅛	"	"
Low Middling........	7 3-16	"	"
Middling............	7⅝	"	"
Good Middling.......	7 15-16	"	"

Same day last year, middling 5⅝c.

Receipts—165 bales; same day last year 184.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Evening—Money on call was easy at 3@3½ cent., last loan at 3, and closing offered at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange was easy; actual business in bankers' bills 487¾@488 for sixty days and 488½@488¾ for demand. Commercial bills at 486¾@487¼. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 109; United States twos 95. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 105; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds were higher.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 13—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling gulf 8⅛c; middling 7⅞c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; April 7 67, May 7 68, June, 7 67, July 7 69. August 7 69. September 7 34, October 7 24, November 7 15, December 7 16, January 7 22. Sales 102,300 bales.

Cotton—net — bales; gross receipts 705 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,207 bales; to France 705 bales; to the Continent 2,307 bales; forwarded 220 bales; sales 1,491 bales, sales to spinners 174 bales; stock (actual) 151,528 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 5,364 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,249 bales; to France 4,809 bales; to the Continent 7,907 bales; stock 504,299 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 12,240 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,311 bales; to France 4,809 bales; to the Continent 11,174 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 4,849,723 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,925,256 bales; exports to France 443,617 bales; exports to the Continent 1,519,477 bales.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Flour was quiet and very firm at quotations; winter wheat, low grades $2 25@2 90; fair to fancy $2 85@3 90; patents $3 90@4 25; Minnesota clear $2 50@3 15; patents $3 45@4 35; low extra $2 25@2 90; Southern flour dull but steady; common to extra fair $2 40@3 00; good to choice $3 00@3 30. Wheat—spot dull and firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator nominal; afloat nominal; options opened weak and declined 1⅛@1⅜c, advanced 1@1½c and closed firm at ⅛@⅜c below; options dull; No. 2 red April 75½c; May 72⅝c; June 72c; July 71⅜c; September 71⅜c; December 72½@73½c. Corn—spot dull, and firm; No. 2 at elevator 40c; afloat 41c; options were firm and dull at ⅛@⅜c advance; April 37c; May 36½c; July 37½c; August —; September 38¼. Oats—spot dull but steady; options dull and and firmer; April —c; May 24⅜c; spot prices—No. 2 25½@25⅜c; No. 2 white 26½c; mixed Western 25@26½c. Hay firm; aemand fair; shipping 75@77½c; good to choice 95c@$1 05. Wool quiet and firm; domestic fleece 16@22c; pulled 15@23c; Texas. Beef quiet and steady; family $9 50@11 00; extra mess $7 00@8 00; beef hams dull at $14 50@15 00; tierced beef steady, dull; city extra India mess $15 00@15 50. Cut meats quiet and steady; pickled bellies 4⅞c; shoulders 4½@4¾; hmas 8½@9. Lard quiet and easy; Western steam $5 27½; city $4 80; May $5 30; refined slow; Continent $5 60; South America $6 00; compound $4 62½@4 75. Pork dull but steady; old mess $9 00@9 50, new $10 00@19 25. Butter was quiet and easy; State dairy 9@17c; do creamery 12@17c; Western creamery —c; Elgins 17½c. Cotton seed oil quiet and about steady; crude 21½c; yellow prime 25½c; do. off grade 25½c. Rice firm; demand fair; domestic, fair to extra 3@5⅝c; Japan 4@4½c. Molasses fairly active and firm; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 27@37c. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4⅞@5. Coffee steady and 15 to 20 points up; May $12 95@13 05; June $12 60; July $12 20@12 25; August $11 70, September $11 30@11 45; December $10 75@10 80; March —; spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7, $13 75. Sugar—raw firm and quiet; fair refining 3⅛c; centrifugal, 96 test —c; refined active and ⅛c up; off A 4 15-16@5⅛c; standard 5½c; cut-loaf and crushed 6⅛c; granulated 5⅛c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and steady; cotton by steam 1-16d; grain by steam 1d.

CHICAGO, April 13.—Cash quotations: Flour quiet and steady; prices unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 63⅜@62½c; No. 2 red 67@69½c. Corn—No. 2 29⅛@29⅝. Oats—No.2, 19⅜@19⅝. Mess pork, per bbl, $8 55@8 60. Lard, per 100 lbs $5 05@5 02½. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs, $4 50@4 55. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs $4 50@4 62½. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, $4 62½@6 75. Whiskey, per gallon, $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing. Wheat—No. 2 64, 64⅜, 63⅜, 64⅜; May 64½@65, 65½, 64, 65½; July 65@65⅜, 66¼, 64⅜, 66½c. Corn—April 29½@29¼, 29⅝@29⅜, 29¼, 29½; May 29½@29⅜, 30½@30¼, 29½, 30½c; July 30⅜, 31¼, 30⅝, 31½@31¼; September 31⅞@32, 32⅜, 31⅞, 32⅜c. Oats—No. 2 May 19½, 19⅝@20, 19½, 19⅞c; July 19⅞, 20¼, 19⅝@19⅞, 20¼c; September 20⅜, 20½, 20¼, 20⅜. Mess pork, per bbl, May $8 60, 8 70, 8 55, 8 60; July $8 77½, 8 90, 8 75, 8 80 Lard, per 100 lbs, May $5 05, 5 05, 5 05, 5 05; July $5 20, 5 20, 5 17½, 5 20. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $4 52½, 4 52½, 4 57½, 4 50; July $4 67½, 4 67½, 4 62½, 4 65.

BALTIMORE, April 13.—Flour dull Western supefine $2 30@2 50; do extra $2 60@3 25; do family $3 50@3 80; do wheat patents $3 90@4 15; do spring $3 75@3 95; do straight $3 50@3 65. Wheat dull and easy; No. 2 red spot 72½@72¾c; May 70⅞@71c; July 70½@70½c; Southern wheat, by sample, 76c asked; do on grade 72@75c. Corn steady; mixed spot April and May 34⅞@35c; June 35½c bid; July 35⅞@36c; Steamer mixed 33½@33½c. Southern white 34½c bid; do yellow 35½c bid. Oats quiet and steady; No. 2 white Western 26@26½c; No. 2 mixed do 24½@25c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

April 13—Galveston, quiet at 7⅜c, net receipts 888 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7⅝c, net receipts 469 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 7⅞c, net receipts 686 bales; Wilmington, quiet at 7⅝, net receipts 165 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8⅛c, net receipts 286 bales; Savannah, steady at 7½c, net receipts 753 bales, New Orleans, quiet at 7 11 16, net receipts 1,181 bales; Mobile, easy at 7¼, net receipts 639 bales; Memphis, steady at 7½c, net receipts 368 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7 11-16, net receipts 73 bales; Charleston, quiet at 7½, net receipts 307 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, April 13.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand moderate and prices easier. American middling 4⅜d, Sales 8,000 bales, of which 7 000 were American; speculation and export 500, Receipts 12,000 bales, of which 17,100 were American. Futures opened quiet and demand poor. April 4 17 64d; April and May 4 15 64d; May and June 4 14 64d; June and July 4 12 64d; July and August 4 11-64d; August and September 4 8 64@4 7 64d; October and November 3 58 64d; November and December 3 56 64d. American spot and good middling unchanged. Other spot grades 1-32d lower. American middling fair 4 21-32d; good middling 4 7 16d; middling 4 11-32d; low middling 4⅛d; good ordinary 4⅛d; ordinary 3 15 16d. Futures quiet at the decline.

Tenders none.

4 P. M.—April 4 16-64@4 17-64d seller; April and May 4 15-64@4 16 64d; May and June 4 14-64@4 15-64d seller; June and July 4 12-64@4 13 64d seller; July and August 4 11 64@4 12 64d seller; August and September 4 8-64d seller; September and October 4@4 1-64d; October and November 3 59 64@3 60-64d seller; November and December 3 57-64@3 58 64d seller; December and January 3 57-64@3 58-64d seller; January and February 3 58 64d buyer. Futures closed steady.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Brig Moss Glen, 150 tons, Ponce, P R, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Str Geo W Clyde—800 bales cotton, 283 casks spirits turpentine, 25 bbls rosin, 333 do tar, 270 pkgs mdse, 398 bags rice chaff, 340 637 feet lumber.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., April 14, 1896.

SCHOONERS.

R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harris, Son & Co.

Anna V Lamson, 312 tons, Dole Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Ida C Schoolcraft, 307 tons, Booye, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Wm Linthicum, 158 tons, Brannock, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Sallie Ion, 523 tons, West, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

Emma S. Cahoon, 60 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Oxo (Nor), 580 tons, Danielson, Heide & Co.

Santa Anna and Maria (Ital), 413 tons, E Peschau & Co.

River Thames (Nor), 454 tons, Jas T Riley & Co.

Eugene (Nor), 508 tons, Hansen, Jas T Riley & Co.

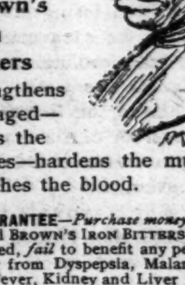
Carolina (Aus), 467 tons, Negovetich.

BARQUENTINES.

Agda (Rus), 346 tons, Landstrom, ——.

The Satisfaction in Old Age

Is to be healthy and free from care—



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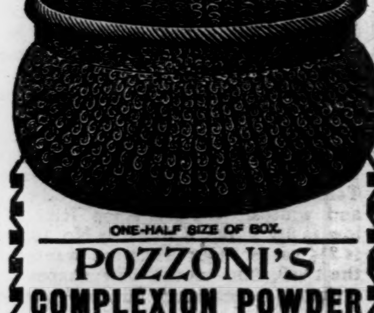

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The Morning Star.

RURAL WAYS.

I thank Thee that my childhood's vanished days
Were cast in rural ways,
Where I beheld, with gladness ever new,
That sort of vagrant dew
Which lodges in the beggarly tents of such
Vile weeds as virtuous plants disdain to touch,
And with rough bearded burs, night after night,
Upgathered by the morning, tender and true,
Into her clear, chaste light.

Such ways I learned to know
That free will cannot go
Outside of mercy, learned to bless his name
Whose revelations ever thus renewed
Along the varied year, in field and wood,
His loving care proclaim.

I thank Thee that the grass and the red rose
Do what they can to tell
How spirit through all forms of matter flows;
For every thistle by the common way,
Wearing its homely beauty; for each spring
That, sweet and homeless, runneth where it will;
For night and day;
For the alternate seasons—everything
Pertaining to life's marvelous miracle.

—Alice Cary.

BOWMAN, SHERIFF.

"This here whisky drinkin," said the old cattleman as he sat and toyed with his empty glass, "is a mighty cur'ous thing. I know men as can tamper with their little old 40 drops frequent and reg'lar. As far as hurtin of 'em is concerned it don't even come to throwin water on a drowned rat. Then ag'in I've crossed men's trails as drinkin whisky was like playin a harp with a hammer. Well, we ain't all up holstered alike, that what's the matter. We don't all show the same brands an yearmarks, nohow. What's medicine for pigs is pisen for dogs, an thar you be.

"Bein a reg'lar, reliable drunkard comes mighty near bein a disease; that's whatever. It ain't no question of nerve neither. Some dead game men I knows—men that obstinate they wouldn't move a camp for a prairie fire—couldn't pester a little bit with whisky.

"Thar was my friend Mace Bowman. Mace was clean strain cl'ar through, an yet I don't reckon he ever goes to a 'show down' with whisky once as he ain't outheld. But for grim nerve as would go up against the iron an never shiver this yere Bowman goes at par every time.

"Bowman dies a victim to his ambition. He starts in once to drink all the whisky in Wolfville. By his partic'lar request most of the white male people of the camp stands in on the deal, a-helpin of him in his play for to make Wolfville a dry camp. At the end of them two lurid weeks Mace lasts good judges like Enright an Doc Peets allows he's shorely made it scarce some.

"But Wolfville was too big for him. Any other man but Bowman would have roped at a smaller hamlet, but that wouldn't have been Mace, nohow. If there'd been a bigger camp than Wolfville anywhere about, that's where he'd been. He was mighty high hearted an ambitious, Mace was, an it was kill a bull or nuthin when he trails out for buffalo.

"But the thirteenth day he strikes in on the big trail, where you never meets no outfits comin back, an that settled it. The boys, not havin no leader, with Mace petered, of course gives up the game, an the big raid on nose paint in Wolfville is only hist'ry now.

"When I knows Bowman first he's sheriff over in northeast New Mexico. A good sheriff Mace was too. There ain't nuthin as shows the public brand gets run off while he's sheriff, you bet. When he thinks anything's his dooty, he lays for it permiscus. He don't come foolin round after no judges and sech.

"One time I recalls a wagon train with household of folks into it as camps two or three days where Mace is sheriff. These yere people's headin for some'ers down on the Rio Grande for to settle some. Mebby it's the third morning along of sunup they strings out on the trail, an we alls thinks no more of 'em. It's long 'bout third drink time when back rides a man, sorter fretful and peevish like, an allows he's done shy a boy.

"'When did you see this yere infant last?' says Bowman.

"'Why,' says the man, 'I shorely had him yis'tday, 'cause my old woman done rounded of 'em up and counted.'

"'What time was that yis'tday?'

"'Bout first drink time,' says the man.

"'How many of these yere offsprings, corral count, have you got anyway?' asks Bowman.

"'I'd got my brand on to 'leven of 'em,' says the man beginnin to sob a whole lot. 'Of course this yer young one gettin stampeded off this way leaves me short one. It makes it a mighty rough crossin for me, stranger, after bringin that boy so far. The old woman, she bogged right down when she knowed, an I don't reckon she'll be the same helpmeet to me unless I finds him agin.'

"'Oh well!' says Bowman, tryin for to cheer the bereft critter up, 'we lose cards in the shuffle as turns up all right in the deal, an I reckon we're goin to walk down this yearlin of yours agin too. What for brands or y'ear marks does he show so I'll know him?'

"'Why!' said the man, a-wipin of his eye, 'he was shy a couple of teeth, bein milk teeth as he'd shed, an thar's a mark on his forard where his mother swipes him with a dipper, bringin of him up proper. That's all as I remembers quick.'

"So Mace tells the man to take a cinch on his feelin's an stampedes over to the Mexican part of the camp, which was called Chilili, on a scout for the boy. Whatever do you think's become of his son? I'm blessed if a Mexican ain't somehow cut him out of the herd an stole him. Takes him in just as you would a Maverick calf. What in the name of hoss stealin he ever wants of that young one is allers too many for me, an I sorter allows it's one of those things as was foreordained, in which case, of course, the Mexican don't get no say.

"When the abductor hears how Mace is on his trail, which he does from other Mexicans, he swings onto his broncho an begins pintin out, takin boy an all. But Bowman got too far up on him an stops him mighty handy with a rifle. Mace could work a winchester like you'd whirl a rope, an the way he gets a bullet under that black an tan's left arm don't hurry him a little bit. The bullet tears a hole through his lungs, an they being no further good for him to breathe with he comes tumblin like a sot pigeon, bringin the man's offspring with him.

"Of course this is all mighty flatterin to Mace as a shot, an it tickles the boy's sire too. He allows he's lived in Arkansaw an knows good shootin, an this yere's speshul good. An then he gets the greaser's skelp to take back with him.

"'It'll come handy to humor up the old woman with, when I gets back to camp,' he says, so he tucks the skelp into his war bags an thanks Mace for the interest he takes in his household affairs.

"'That's all right,' says Bowman, 'no trouble to curry a little short hoss like that.'

"So he shakes hands with the Arkansaw man, an we all goes back over to Bob Sep's saloon an gits a drink.

"But the cat had quite a tail, jest the same. The Mexican, in many of his ways, is oncertain. For instance, you're settin in on a little game of monte all free an sociable, an one of 'em comes pesterin round, an you downs him. All good enough, says you. No other Mexican seems like he wants to assoom no pressure personal, no one goes browsin around to no sheriff, an thus you be delooded into a belief that it's quit bein a question. That's where you're left.

"Now, in this case, this Mexican as Bowman's stretched has an uncle or something down by Wagon Mound. This relative is rich. In about a week you can't tell how, but everybody knows that there's $5,000 up for any one as'll kill Mace. I speaks to him about it, allowin he oughter be careful how he goes spraddlin about permiscus. Mebbe when he's lookin north some time somebody gets him from the south.

"'I ain't worryin none,' says Mace. 'I ain't got no friends as would down me, nohow, an my enemies ain't likely none to think it's enough dinero. Killin me is liable to come mighty high.'

"So he goes along in his cheerful, light hearted way, drinkin his whisky an bein sheriff, mingled. In a week or so we begins to forget about it. One day a little Mexican girl who Mace calls Bonita, an who's gone on Bowman—she'd shorely give a hoss for a smile from him any time—she scouts over one day an whispers to Mace as how three greasers from down around Anton Chico has come up to make meat of him an is over in Chilili right then.

"'Whereabouts in Chilili be these Mexicans?' asked Mace, kinder interested.

"'Over camped in Santa Rosa's dance hall a-drinkin an waitin for dark,' says the girl.

"'All right,' says Mace. 'I'll come over poco tiempo, an it's mighty likely to be dark early with these aliens from Anton Chico.'

"So Mace kisses the little Mexican girl an tells her not to say nuthin to no Mexican, an the little girl's black eyes gets blacker and brighter, an the red blood comes in her cream colored cheek, an any one can see she'd swap the whole Mexican outfit for a word from Bowman an throw herself in for lanlyap.

"So Bowman starts off to get another gun, which was proper enough, for he's only one in his belt, an, of course, in a case like this yere he might be cornered an need two.

"'Some of us oughter go over with Mace, I reckon,' says a party named Jim Tate, sorter general to the crowd. 'What do you alls think yourselves?'

"'Go nuthin,' says a gent they called Driscoll, who's deep into a game of poker an don't like to see it break up an him behind. 'The hand he holds don't need no he'p. If Mace was out after two or three of the boys, it would be diff'runt, but who ever hears of a white man's needin he'p to down three greasers an him to open the game? Bowman could bring back all the hair in Chilili if he's that f'rocious an wants to, an not half try.'

"This seems to be the general idee, an aside of some bets as was made no one takes no interest. Bob Short says as how he'd bet $100 even Mace gets one of 'em, $100 to $200 he gets two, an $100 to $500 he gets 'em all, an some short card sharp jest up from S'corro, after figurin it all silent to himse'f, takes 'em all.

"'I don't reckon now, stranger,' says Tate, sorter reproachful to the short card man, 'you knows Mace Bowman mighty well, or you wouldn't go up ag'in a shore thing like that?'

"Well, we never gets anything but Mace's story for it. He says afterward as how he sa'nters into Santa Rosa's an finds his three Anton Chico parties all sittin alone at a table. They knows him, he says, an so he sets down over opposite an calls for a drink. They're watchin Mace an him doin similar by them. Finally, he says, one of 'em makes a play for his gun, an seein thar's nothin to be made waitin Mace jumps up with a six shooter in each hand, an there's some noise an a heap of smoke an old Peter lets in three Mexicans in a bunch.

"Mace comes back over to us—no other Mexicans allowin for to call him—an tells us how it was, an nacheral we says it's all right, which it shorely was all right. I asks old Santa Rosa for the details of the shake up after, but he spreads his hands an shrugs his shoulders an whines:

"'No quien sabe.'

"An of course as I can't tell who could say, an as Santa Rosa don't, I give up askin."—Dan Quinn in St. Louis Republic.

Delicate Point.

An officer who discharged the duties of provost marshal in a southern city in 1862 had many puzzling questions to settle. One day he was confronted in his office by a big Irishman who had insisted upon an immediate interview on a matter of "great importance."

"An does yer honor know an owld man be the name av Sargint?" inquired this individual eagerly.

He was informed that the man in question was unknown to the provost marshal and requested to proceed with his business as quickly as possible.

"Well, yer honor," said the Milesian, with his hands deep in his pockets and his legs planted wide apart, "owld Sargint has a farrum oop at the head av the river, aboot foive moile from Yorktown, yer honor, an whin the ribils was raythratin from Yorktown he tuk me out in the yard wid him an sat down on a log forninst me, yer honor.

"The Union cannons was makin a blitherin n'ise, sure enough, but it was meself that was glad to be hearin 'em, yer honor, an owld Sargint he p'inted wid his thoomb over his lift shoulder an says he:

"'Moike, do you moind thim cannons?' says he.

"'Oi do that,' says Oi, rale prompt loike.

"'An are yez skeered at thim cannons?' says he.

"'Niver a skeer,' says Oi.

"'An is yer wolfe afeared av thim cannons, Moike?' says he.

"'No more than if they was popguns!' says Oi.

"'Thin,' says owld Sargint to me, says he, 'if you're not skeered,' says he, 'an the owld woman's not afeared,' says he, 'why, then the twos av yez can howld on to the land!'

"Now, what Oi'm afther axin yez," said the Irishman, bending forward to search the provost marshal's face for encouragement, "what Oi'm afther axin yez is if thim wurrds don't consthitoot a good toitle to the land, yer honor?"—Youth's Companion.

Dr. Caius' Respect For the Dogges.

Dr. Caius, "a most shining light of the University of Cambridge, its jewel, its glory," according to his translator, in 1576, Abraham Fleming, "wrote an epitome concerning British dogs, not so concise as elegant and useful, an epitome compact of the various arguments and experiences of many minds," for the use of Conrad Gesner, the Swiss naturalist.

This is his estimate of the emotion of grief, or, as he calls it, "love" in the dog: "This kind of dogges, called 'defending dogges,' hath this principall property engrafted in them, that they love their masters liberally and hate strangers despightfully. * * * If it chaunce that their master be oppressed, either by a multitude or by the greater violence, and so be beaten downe that he be groveling on the ground, it is proved true by experience that this dogge forsaketh not his master; no, not when he is starcke dead. But induring the force of famishment, and the outrageous tempests of the weather, most vigilently watcheth, and carefully keepeth the dead carkasse many dayes, endeavoring furthermore to kil the murtherer of his master, if he may get any advantage. Or else by barcking, by howling, by furious jarring and snarring and such like means, betrayeth the malefactour, as desirous to have the death of his aforesaid master rigorouslye revenged."—London Spectator.

A Mercenary Interest In Art.

A great many amusing things come up in the course of a free day at the Art institute. Not all of the visitors are educated in art matters, and yet they explain the pictures and statues quite as glibly as if they were.

One day last week a hearty, red faced woman in a flaring bonnet came in with a little girl. She looked about with an air of proprietorship.

"Katie," she said, pointing at a figure in plaster, "luk at the pitrified man!"

Another inquirer after knowledge asked a guard if Raphael's "Transfiguration" represented "Christ in his various stages from birth to death."

"I want to see Niob," said a man recently in Director French's office.

The director couldn't understand.

"Why, Niob, Niob," said the man impatiently, "the woman that cried so much."

"Oh, you mean Niobe."

When he was shown the statue, he seemed much affected, gazing on it steadily for some moments.

"It's the first time I've seen it," he said, with emotion. "You see, I'm the inventor of the Niob complexion wash—perhaps you've heard of it—and I've wanted to see Niob for a long time."—Chicago Record.

Half Board For Horses.

Some stables take horses on half board, also sometimes called three-quarters board, which means that the stable supplies the feed and cares for the stall, while the owner of the horse cleans the animal and hooks up himself. There is some economy to the stable in this plan. Fewer men are required to take care of the horses, and so there is some saving in wages, but on the whole there is more profit in full board. The object of half board is to attract horse owners who might otherwise take the entire care of their horses themselves. The saving to the horse owner is $5 a month; half or three-quarter board costs $30, full board $35. In some stables single stalls are let just like single rooms in houses, and in this case the horse owner furnishes his own feed and takes care of his horse and the stall as well.—New York Sun.

LIFE IN THE PHILIPPINES.

The Easy Going Natives and Their Large Families.

The seekers of strange modes of life and the student of the habits of people who have had little contact with civilization and have primitive homes can be satisfied by a visit to almost any of the other larger islands than Luzon in the Philippine archipelago, as, for instance, Negros, Palawan, Mindanao and Samas. In any of these islands there can be found tens of thousands of natives who, like generations of their ancestors, have never left their little island homes and have not the faintest idea that there is any world beyond their islands. Here the race is mixed and the residents are almost of as light complexions as the residents of Manilla. The young men and women are comely, and a great many of the women between the ages of 16 and 20 are of striking beauty. On many islands there live the Bocals, who are supposed to be the aborigines of the archipelago and to be of Malay origin. They are an interesting race for any anthropologist to study. Travelers who have trotted about the globe say that the Bocals in the Philippine islands and the Panays in Borneo are about the laziest people that live. They do absolutely nothing that is unnecessary for living and dreaming. They have immense families—often 20 children in a house and there are a multitude of cases of parents having 15 and 18 boys and girls. Every family has its own house, but $5 will build a large and superior bamboo hut, and $1 will make a better domicile than thousands of the Bocals own. The whole family, no matter how numerous, is crowded into one room at night, the sleepers reclining on heaps of dried banana leaves. Strange to say, the women are a cleanly people. They bathe every day and are expert swimmers. They are proud of their teeth and take pains to frequently polish them with rude brushes made of the areca tree. The poorer people have no other cooking utensils than an earthen pot, and the aristocrats have a few cast iron pans and big rough earthen dishes.

The substitute for cotton and woolen goods is called mouffia cloth, and it is made from the mouffia plant, which is a species of hemp. The fiber of this plant is coarse, stiff and not at all pliable. It is the white, inner surface of the long, thin shoots that is used. The natives pull the fiber out, wet the finger and twist the thread, which, as a consequence, is uneven and full of little bunches. Very little mouffia cloth is exported from the island, as it has an extensive domestic use. It takes an industrious woman several weeks to make a strip of mouffia cloth 10 feet long and 3 feet wide. Flax being almost unknown on the islands, the only other material for cloth is silk. The Philippine forests are full of mulberries, and silk was woven long before white men came to the islands. Some of the Philippine silk is as fine as the finest china silk. Much of it is elaborately brocaded, although the process requires an immense amount of time, as the threads which form the pattern have to be tied up each time separately. The nambilla, a square piece of brocaded silk, forms the principal garment of the richer natives on the smaller islands. This is 6 feet wide by 7 feet long and requires about 17 months for its manufacture. A Philippine weaver takes her child on her back and weaves for half an hour, then she goes down to the stream and draws a jug of water or down to the seashore for a swim in the surf. After weaving a few minutes more, she again goes to the brook or to the shore and washes out some single article of clothing, never washing more than one garment at a time, so that during the day she probably puts in about six hours at the loom.—Manilla Letter in New York Times.

What Trochu Was Going to Do.

Trochu, during the siege of Paris, announced that he had a plan which would insure victory, and that, no matter what might occur, he would never surrender. What the plan was nobody could learn, but each day the food supplies became less. About a fortnight before the surrender I asked a friend of mine, whose business it was to estimate the amount of the food supply, how much remained, for we were already eating stuff called bread, but which was mainly made of sawdust and straw.

"In a fortnight we shall have nothing," he said. "But surely," I observed, "it would be well to treat before we have not even sawdust and straw to eat, for when this sorry food is exhausted we shall have to accept any terms that the Germans may offer." He agreed, and he cursed Trochu as an ass for having pledged himself never to surrender. What happened? When only three days' provisions were left Trochu, being bound by his pledge, resigned the governorship of Paris, and then we did surrender. But as we had run things so close, we had to submit to every requirement of the Germans. What moral do I deduce from this? Never indulge in compromising boasts, and, if any commander does indulge in them, request him, when their fatal effect has become clear, to give place to another.—London Truth.

An Inadvertence.

Nelson—Well, I'm the luckiest chap in the world.

Stanley—How so?

Nelson—It appears that Madge broke with me about the same time she did with Jack Boodles, and now she's sent me back his presents instead of my own. — Philadelphia Call.

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U. M. ROBINSON, Manager.

Out of town business solicited. dec 29 6m

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Excellent for Placing Under Carpets

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 19 t

Taylor's Bazaar.

Millinery!

OUR DISPLAY OF

Trimmed Hats

remains fresh in material and in interest.

New examples of the artistic and the beautiful replaced the ones sold as rapidly as selections were made by satisfied seekers after EASTER HEADGEAR.

In fine goods our stock is well worth the attention of critical customers, who can buy here at one-half the prices charged in many places for a similar class of goods.

We have just received a new supply of PATTERN HATS, which are now displayed in one show room.

UNTRIMMED HATS.

All that is new, that is up to date, is here displayed in profussion.

CHARMING TURBANS AND FANCY STRAW HATS

For Misses and Children at prices which in many instances are one-half what is asked for like goods elsewhere.

Flowers.

Just received a new line, comprising Lilac Sprays, Crushed Roses, Rose-foliage, Bud-foliage, Forget-Me-Nots, Violets and any kind mentionable at exceedingly low prices.

All are invited to inspect our stock.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR.

118 Market Street.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN

DRY GOODS, CURTAINS and LACES.

ap 19 tf

For Sale,

A VERY FINE

Soda Water Fountain.

One Generator,

Six Copper Fountains.

A rare chance to secure a bargain.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

ap 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

1831 THE CULTIVATOR AND Country Gentleman. 1896

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AGRICULTURAL WEEKLIES

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Farm Crops and Processes,

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TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS,	in one remittance		$
SIX SUBSCRIPTIONS,	do.	do.	10
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SPECIMEN COPIES FREE. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON, *Publishers*, ALBANY, N. Y.

oct 15 tf

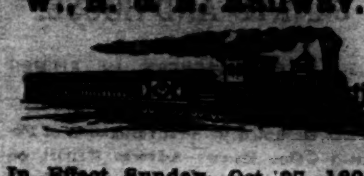
Wanted,

A BARBER. A GOOD MAN CAN GET A first-class situation by applying to

A. PREMPERT,

feb 19 tf No. 11 South Front Street.

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND 7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
2 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 58	Lv..Jacksonville Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	10 09
4 44	Lv..Pollocksville......Lv	9 55
5 2	Ar..Newbern Lv	9 20
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT March 14, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.52 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.58 p m, Tarboro 2.35 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 3 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 4 40 p m, Tarboro 9.45 a m, returning leaves Tarboro 5 30 p m; Parmele 10.20 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 50 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 8.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.20 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 7 50 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.50 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 19 a m, Rowland 9 37 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m, returning leave Clio 7 00 a m, arrive Latta 8 40 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Wadesboro daily at 5 25 a m, Cheraw 6.17 a m, Darlington 7.23 a m, arrive Florence 7.50 a m. Returning leave Florence 7.45 p m, Darlington 8.17 p m, Cheraw 9 28 p m, arrive Wadesboro 10.15 p m. Trains leave Gibson daily except Sunday, 5.50 a m, Bennettsville 6 16 a m, arrive Darlington 7.15 a m. Returning, leave Darlington 8.15 p m, Bennettsville 9 09 p m, arrive Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 1.15 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.37 a m, Fayetteville 10.58 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.38 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.36 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 33 a m, arrives Sumter †9 05 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 4 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 33 a m, arrives Denmark 6 20 a m. Leave Elliott †11.20 a m and †7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow †1 p m and †8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow †5.40 a m and †2 00 p m, arrive Elliott †8 00 a m and †3.30 p m. Leaves Denmark 4 17 pm, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leave Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrive Sumter †3 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 30 p m, arrives Darlington †8 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 8 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE,	Saturday, April 4
CROATAN,	Saturday, April 11

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday, April 4
GEO. W. CLYDE,	Saturday April 11

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE,	Tuesday, April 7
CROATAN,	Tuesday, April 14

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. ap 2 tf

Steamer E. A. Hawes

WILL LEAVE FOR CLEAR RUN AND ALL points on Back River, on MONDAY and THURSDAY each week.

JAS. MADDEN, Agent.

feb 1 1m

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DEC. 8, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	7 25 a.
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	10 35 a m
4 33 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 57 "
3 19 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	12 19 p. m
1 22 a m	Lv......Climax......Lv	2 25 "
1 03 "	Lv....Greensboro... Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro.... Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv....Stokesdale.... Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar..Walnut Cove... Lv	4 38 "
11 05 "	Lv....Rural Hall... Lv	5 71 "
9 35 "	Lv.....Mt Airy..... Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 25 a. m.
6 12 "	Lv......Maxton... .. Ar	9 23 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 58 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 38 "	Lv....Fayetteville... Ar	10 52

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar..... Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv ... Greensboro. .. Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED, daily ex su
Leave Greensboro..........	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale..........	10 50 "
Arrive Madison............	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND,	No. 15, MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison.............	12 25 p m
Leave Stokesdale..........	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro.........	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

dec8 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

S. A. L.

Route of the famous "Atlanta Special" and "S. A. L. Express" between New York, Washington, Norfolk and Atlanta, New Orleans, Southwest.

Schedule in Effect April 5, 1896.

WESTWARD.

	N.41	No403	No.15
	P. M.	P. M	P. M.
Leave Wilmington	* 3 20		†6 30
Arrive Lumberton	5 26		A. M.
Arrive Maxton	6 12		‡12 10
Arrive Laurinburg	6 25		2 45
Arrive Hamlet	6 55		3 35
Leave Hamlet	7 15	* 9 10	‡5 15
Arrive Rockingham	7 26	9 20	Sleeper Wilmington to Hamlet.
Arrive Wadesboro	8 01	9 52	
Arrive Monroe	8 55	10 40	
Arrive Charlotte	10 20	11 35	
Arrive Mt. Holly		11 59	
Arrive Lincolnton		P. M. 12 55	
Arrive Shelby		1 50	
Ar Rutherfordton		3 00	

EASTWARD.

	No 38	No402	No. 26
		P M.	
Leave Rutherfordton		* 4 35	Sleeper Hamlet to Wilmington.
Leave Shelby		5 58	
Leave Lincolnton		6 15	
Leave Mt. Holly		7 45	
	A. M.		
Leave Charlotte	*5 25	8 20	
Leave Monroe	6 13	9 15	
Leave Wadesboro	7 07	9 56	
Leave Rockingham	7 40	10 28	
		P. M	
Arrive Hamlet	7 55	10 35	P M.
Leave Hamlet	9 10		†10 50
Leave Laurinburg	9 24		A. M.
Leave Maxton	9 49		‡12 30
Leave Lumberton	10 40		1 25
	P. M.		4 00
Arrive Wilmington	12 50		‡8 45

*Daily. †Daily ex Sun'y.

Nos. 402 and 403, "The Atlanta Special," Solid Vestibuled Train, with Buffet Sleepers and Day Coaches between Washington and Atlanta, Richmond and Charlotte, also Portsmouth and Monroe, connecting at Atlanta for and from Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Texas, California, Macon and Florida. Parlor Dining Cars from New York to Washington.

Nos 38 and 41. "The S. A. L. Express" Solid Train of Pullman Sleepers and Day Coaches between Portsmouth, Weldon and Atlanta, New York and Weldon, also New York and Cape Charles, connecting at Portsmouth with Bay Line coastwise steamers, Washington steamers and "Cape Charles Route," to and from all points North and East.

No Extra Fare on Any Train.

For tickets, sleepers and information, apply to Ticket Agents, or to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen Supt.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager. General Office Portsmouth, Va ap 15 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.

To Take Effect on April 5, 1896.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C. †5.30 p m.
Arrive Hamlet, N. C. 6 50 p m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C. †9 25 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C. 10 45 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

ap 14 tf WM. MONCURE, Supt.

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

June 8 1m

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1896

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

May Wheat Closed Higher—Better Prices for Corn and Oats—Pork Products Closed Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, April 13.—Wheat furnished satisfaction to both bulls and bears to-day. At first the short sellers found gratification in a decline and later the buyers for long account were afforded an opportunity for recovering their early losses in the rise of 1⅛c. from the inside, side, which took place. It was essentially a local market, very little outside business to boast of and the day's announcement swayed the crowd from one side to the other. May wheat opened from 64⅝ to 64½c., sold between 64 and 65½c., closed at the outside—⅞c. higher than Saturday. Cash wheat was steady, closing strong with the futures.

Corn showed full accord with the late strength of wheat and made a decided gain in prices, although it was easier early in the session, likewise through sympathy. May corn opened at 29⅝c, advanced to 30⅝@30¼c, closing at 30½—⅝@½c higher than Saturday. Cash corn was steady.

Oats—Advancing wheat extended a helping hand to oats and at the close prices were better than at any previous period of the day. May oats closed ¼@⅝c higher than Saturday. Cash oats were steady.

Only a light business was done in the provisions market to-day, and, everything considered, prices were fairly steady. Around the opening the decline in wheat and a decrease of 5@10c in hog prices at the close were effective in weakening the tone, but subsequently an improved feeling prevailed. May pork, lard and ribs closed each 2½c lower than Saturday.

A FRAUDULENT SCHEME.

The Ex-Slave Owners' Registration Bureau Recently Established in Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Postmaster General Wilson to-day declared that the United States ex-slave owners' registration bureau of Washington, D. C., was in violation of the postoffice regulations and was not entitled to the privileges of the mails.

This bureau was but recently incorporated under the laws of the District, and the Department made an investigation of its method of business. It was ascertained that three of the incorporators of the bureau gave Washington as their residence, but none resided in the District at the time of incorporation. They have just established offices here but began doing business in a sub-office in Havana, Ga., several weeks ago by sending out literature. The plan of the bureau was to secure a record of all persons holding slaves on January 1, 1863. Instructions and blanks were sent out to ex-slave holders or their heirs for them to state the number of slaves owned and their sex. These blanks were to be filled out by ex-slave holders and returned to the bureau with a fee of from one to five dollars, the bureau promising to have bills introduced in Congress looking to repayment for slaves. The report of the postoffice inspector is that the scheme is a fraud, pure and simple.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

The New York Sun's Review of the Situation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The *Sun* says: Cotton opened unchanged to two points lower, but later rallied, advanced, and closed steady with sales of 103,500 bales.

To-day's features: The large exports from the ports to-day and the smallness of the receipts account for the rise in prices. The exports from the ports for some time past have been on a liberal scale. To-day they were more than three times as large as the receipts. Then, too, the receipts at the interior points were small, as compared with those of a year ago. Houston received but 475 bales, against 2,175 last year, and Cincinnati 206, against 1,506 a year ago. There was no pressure to sell, while on the other hand there was a fair local demand. Moher, Cranaman & Co. were buying and so were Weld & Co. Liverpool traded on both sides of the account. The early Liverpool cables were disappointing, for they repored a decline, but the later advices were better, showing a slight improvement in the crop months. The trading was not large, however, and the fluctuations were within narrow limits, while dry goods were as dull as ever.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., April 13.—The first game of the University of Virginia and Hobart College played here this afternoon in the presence of a small crowd, resulted in the defeat of the University, 7 to 4.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

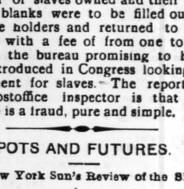
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 28½@29c. Rosin firmer; strained, common to good $1 80@1 85.

CHARLESTON, April 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c; sales — casks. Rosin—market firm: sales to-day of — barrels; quote: B $1 40, C $1 40, D $1 40, E $1 50, F $1 50, G $1 50, H $1 55, I $1 55, K $1 60, M $1 70, N $1 80, W G $1 95, W W $2 05.

SAVANNAH, April 13.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 25¼@25½c for regulars, with sales of 500 casks; receipts 869 casks. Rosin—quotations unchanged; sales — barrels; receipts 1,632 barrels; The quotations were: A, B, C, D, E and F $1 50, G, H and I $1 55, K $1 70, M $1 80, N $1 90, window glass $2 05; water white $2 15.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

LITTLE OF INTEREST IN EITHER BRANCH OF CONGRESS.

Senate Occupied with Investigation of Patent Office Matters—Adverse Report on the Resolution Concerning Mrs. Maybrick—Contested Election Cases—District of Columbia Day in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The investigation of Patent Office matters by the Senate Committee on Printing two years ago in connection with which Mr. Josiah Quincey, Assistant Secretary of State, was subjected to severe criticism, was recalled by an incident in the Senate proceedings to-day. Mr. Quincey had been interested, while in office, in procuring for a business friend a contract for printing the Patent Office *Gazette* at rates very much less than the work had been done for many years by a printing firm in Washington. When the Legislative Appropriation bill was before the Senate some weeks ago, an amendment was offered and agreed to, authorizing the extension of the contract for another year. The conference report on that bill which was made to-day left that amendment as one of those on which the conferees had not agreed. Thereupon, Mr. Gorman of Maryland, Democrat, who was chairman of the Committee on Printing when the investigation was made, moved that the Senate recede from the amendment, and his motion was agreed to—38 to 35—although it was opposed by the chairman of the Committee on Patents (Mr. Platt of Connecticut, Republican) and was voted against by nearly all the Republican Senators.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate lost no time in disposing of the joint resolution referred to it last Thursday, proposing a remonstrance with the "British Government in the matter of the imprisonment of Mrs. Maybrick. The joint resolution was reported back to-day adversely, on the grounds that the Senate had no jurisdiction over the subject. The report was placed on the calendar and will probably be no more heard of.

The main part of to-day's session was occupied with speeches on the Dupont election case—Senators Burrows of Michigan, Republican, and Brown of Utah, Republican, arguing in favor of Dupont's right to the seat.

The Senate at 5.10 adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

It was a dull day in the House.

A bill was passed providing for the holding of terms of the United States Courts at Biloxi, Miss., instead of Mississippi City.

After disposing of a number of private bills the remainder of the day was given up to the District of Columbia Committee. The only bill presented that was of general interest was one to regulate marriages in the District of Columbia. When its decision had been completed no quorum voted upon ordering the previous question, and the House at 4.30 adjourned until to-morrow.

Mr. Jenkins of Wisconsin, Republican, reported to the House the contested election case of Johnson vs. Stokes, from the Seventh South Carolina district, in favor of Stokes, the sitting member, and gave notice that he would call it up April 21st.

GEN. FITZHUGH LEE

Nominated by the President to be Consul General at Havana—The Appointment a Surprise to the Senate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: Fitzhugh Lee, to be Consul General for the United States at Havana, Cuba, vice Raymond A. Williams, resigned; William H. Fowle, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Sixth Virginia District.

The nomination of Gen. Lee to be Consul General of the United States at Havana came as a surprise to the Senate. Although it has been suspected for some time that Mr. Raymond A. Williams would soon cease his official relations with the Government, this was the first intimation that such resignation had been accepted.

Gen. Lee's selection was not the result of any conference with the Senators from Virginia. Senator Daniel is not in the city, he being to-day at the Monticello celebration. His colleague, Mr. Martin, knew nothing of the appointment until it came to the Senate. The selection is one of the President's own choice, Gen. Lee being one of his personal friends. There appears to be no political sponsor for him and no one in Congress who knew the bent of the Presidential mind on this question. It is agreed on all sides that Gen. Lee will go to Havana in thorough accord with the President's views on matters pertaining to that island, and having the experience of a military officer, thoroughly implanted by years of service, will be capable of dealing with the subject of the rebellion there as the President desires it shall be dealt with. Gen. Lee does not speak Spanish, but aside from this is said to be well fitted for the place; a man of strong determination not easily turned aside from his purpose.

The appointment of Gen. Lee caused a vacancy in the Lynchburg, Va., collectorship of internal revenue, to which place he was appointed upon the death of the late incumbent. This vacancy has been promptly filled by the nomination at the same time of Wm. H. Fowle, who is now chief clerk of the office under Gen. Lee. Mr. Fowle is the first cousin of the wife of Gen. Lee, and his appointment is said to have caused some surprise among the politicians of Virginia, the leaders of the party in that State apparently feeling that the office was of such importance that they should at least have been consulted before the choice was made. It is plain to be seen that while the promotion of Gen. Lee is satisfactory to the Virginia delegation in Congress the like promotion of Mr. Fowle is far from being pleasant. It is intimated that the latter nomination may provoke a fight in the Senate when the case comes up for confirmation.

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Strawberries, Florida, quart, 15 to 80c; asparagus, N. C., dozen bunches, $1.50 to 6 00; beets, Florida, crate, 75c to $1.25; do, 100 bunches, $3.00 to 5.00; cabbages, Florida, crate, $1.50 to 2 50; carrots, Florida, 100 bunches, $3 00 to 5.00; egg plant, Florida, boxed, $1.50 to 2 50; kale, Norfolk, barrel, $1.25 to 1.50; do, Baltimore, barrels, $1 00 to 1.25; lettuce, Florida, basket, $1.00 to 2.00; do, Charleston 50 to 60c; do, Norfolk, 50c; peas, crates, $1.00 to 3 00; radishes, Norfolk, 100 bunches, $1 00 to 1.50; string beans, Florida wax, crate, $3.00 to 3 50; do, green, crates, $1.00 to 3.00; spinach, Norfolk, barrel, 75c to $1.25; squash, Florida white, crate, $1.75 to 2.00; tomatoes, Floridav, carrier, $2.00 to 3.50; do, crates, $1.00 to 3.00; potatoes, Florida, $3.00 to 6.50.

In the United States District Court in Richmond, Va., Judge Hughes sentenced to two years in the Kings county, New York, penitentiary, Edward Gould, convicted of sending obscene matter through the mails.

SITUATION IN CUBA.

CONJECTURE AS TO WHAT PRESIDENT CLEVELAND WILL DO.

Spaniards Profess to Believe that He Will Not Recognize Belligerency—Insurgents Declare They Will Never Lay Down Their Arms Until Cuba is Free—An American's Observations and Conclusions—Executions of Political Prisoners by Weyler's Orders.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, April 11, VIA TAMPA, FLA., April 13.—All the talk here this week is conjectured as to what Mr. Cleveland will do with the resolutions of the two Houses of Congress. The brief cable dispatches from the States which the Havana papers publish after the press censor has edited them, have been read with interest by all classes of citizens. Little light has been thrown upon the subject so far, although the Spaniards still claim to be confident that the President will not recognize belligerency.

The systematic suppression of truthful news of the progress of the revolution has blinded many people and has undoubtedly been of great help to Spain. The official report of every engagement is carefully cooked so as to make it appear that the Spanish have won a victory and if there is danger of a wrong impression being created abroad the foreign correspondents are not permitted to telegraph the news. On the eve of the election the Madrid authorities, impatient at trivial items with losses of one, two or three rebels, cabled here for encouraging news. The emergency was met by the sending out of a report of Gomez' death and designating the place of his burial in Matanzas, when he was marching with an escort of 5,000 in another province.

Spaniards here profess to believe President Cleveland will not recognize the belligerency of the Cubans, but they base their assurances upon Minister de Lome's dispatches, and even their confidence in Government messages is weakening. There is no war talk among Spaniards here. They say that recognition of belligerency will not help the Cubans materially, and claim that the sending of additional men-of-war from Spain will offset any advantage gained. All talk of compromise between Spain and the men in arms is idle. Cubans have no faith in promises of autonomy or reforms. The insurgent leaders declare they will never lay down arms until Cuba is free. The decrees of Gen. Weyler, the harsh treatment of political suspects, and the killing of "pacifics," has made compromise out of the question. All intelligent people here recognize that the difficulty between the Cubans and Spaniards is to be settled once for all. Many property owners who have opposed the revolution until now, thinking it impossible to break Spain's rule, are now in hopes the rebels will win, or that some other nation, preferably the United State, should interfere on the ground of humanity and the destruction of property.

An American gentleman of wide experience and careful observation, who is entitled to write "Hon." before his name, and who has been in Cuba four months, representing a large corporation, has given the situation careful study. He has come to the conclusion that the United States should recognize the belligerency of the insurgents and gives the following eight reasons for such action:

1. Because it is a justifiable rebellion of long standing, is maintained by a force which practically dominates the greater part of the island except seaports which could not be held by any land force against joint sea and land forces.

2. Because the continuance of misrule is repugnant to the age and by reason of the proximity of the United States is prejudicial to our interests.

3. Because there is no hypothesis that gives reasonable hope of endurable conditions in Cuba, except that of self government.

4. Because there can be no assurance against recurring revolutions and continued disturbance of our commercial interests, except by removal of the cause of irritation.

5. Because the United States by reason of its proximity and its institutions is responsible for the liberal sentiment in Cuba.

6. Because the United States, as the champion of the rights of man, may not sit by, indifferent to the right of revolution upon which its own existence as a nation is founded.

7. Because nine-tenths of the people of Cuba desire relief and are favorable to intervention by the United States, their burdens having become insupportable.

8. Because the insurgents maintain a *de facto* government in as tangible form and substance as from their insular position would be practicable to any people.

Insurgents have burned the Moralites estate, near Jaruno province. It is the property of M. De Morales, an American citizen, and was spared by the insurgents on that account until two days ago. Recently Gen. Melguizo, who has made himself particularly offensive by killing innocent people, encamped on the estate several times, using the sugar house for his troops. For this reason the rebels burned the buildings. The owner has filed a claim for $300,000 damages with the American Consul, stating that he repeatedly asked for protection of the Government and did not obtain it.

HAVANA, April 13.—Timoteo Vega, a political prisoner, was shot this morning. Other executions of revolutionists will take plac this week in Havana.

CALIXTO GARCIA.

The Cuban Patriot Says If He Survives He Will Return to the United States to Stand Trial for Any Violation of the Laws of the Country.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Estrada Palma, Cuban delegate, has received the following communication from Gen. Garcia:

To the people of the United States of America:

I am fully aware of the obligation which I have contracted to stand trial for my alleged violation of the laws of your country. I have not remained to face the consequence of my acts, simply because I feel that I have a higher duty to perform as a soldier and a Cuban. Having fought for the independence of my country for ten years and having ever since promulgated the idea for which we then fought, I deem it my highest and holiest duty to fight and bleed and if necessary die to attain the independence of my country.

Should I fail, my death will expiate, I hope, in your eyes any possible offence for which I might have to stand trial there; should I survive, I give you my word, as a man and a soldier, to return to your country and cheerfully abide by the consequences which the laws of the country may visit upon me. Conscience tells me that in this proceeding I will satisfy the laws of justice and I am confident that the citizens of the United States will so judge of my conduct.

[Signed] CALIXTO GARCIA,
March 1896. Cuba Libre.

Five men were killed and two others fatally wounded at Bedford, Ind., yesterday, by a belt road engine and a flat car going through a trestle.

When Traveling.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, and it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

THOMAS JEFFERSON.

Celebration of the Anniversary of the Birthday of the Founder of the Democratic Party at Monticello, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, April 13.—Under the auspices of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, the 153d anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson, the founder of the Democratic party, was celebrated to-day at Monticello, where the author of the Declaration of Independence lived and died. Out on the lawn in front of the historic mansion were gathered a concourse of the yeomanry of Albemarle county, Va., many of them men whose grandfathers had followed the political fortunes of Jefferson. Mingling with them were Democrats who had come from States as far south as Florida and Texas and as far north as Massachusetts.

At 12 noon the special train from Washington arrived, bringing a distinguished party of National Democrats. A number of the local Democracy from Washington were also in the party, besides ex-Governor Russell of Massachusetts Senator Daniel of Virginia, and Hon. Chauncey F. Black of Pennsylvania, the orators of the occasion and all closely identified with the National Association of Democratic Clubs. Mr. Lawrence Gardner, secretary of the organization, was in charge of the party, among whom were many ladies.

The guests were driven to Monticello, where Vice President Stevenson and party were entertained at luncheon by Mr. Jefferson Levy, a descendant of the great Democrat and present owner of the mense and mansion.

The formal proceedings began by an address by the Hon. Chauncey F. Black, whose enunciation of the sentiment of Jefferson that the primary principle of Democracy was "absolute acquiescence in the decisions of the 'majority'" was heartily applauded.

Ex-Gov. Russell of Massachusetts was received by the crowd with ringing cheers. He spoke as though accustomed to open air speaking, and his sonorous voice could be heard to the utmost confines of the assembly. His many patriotic allusions and points were rapturously applauded.

When Senator Daniel of Virginia arose to speak his popularity was made plainly apparent by the enthusiasm with which he was received. He pictured to his audience in eloquent periods the prominent traits of character of Virginia's gift to the National Democracy—Thos. Jefferson.

After his eulogy of Jefferson had been finished Senator Daniel referred to the speech of Governor Russell and said he admired that address so much that he disliked to dissent from it in anything. He must be excused if he failed to see anything in Jefferson's teachings which summoned us to abandon the bimetallic money system which Jefferson himself helped to establish. He concurred with Governor Russell that Jefferson would never have made an issue between Colorado and Wall street, or between a debtor and a creditor class, or upon any geographical division; but he asserted that it was the Republican party, and neither Jefferson nor the party of Jefferson, that did that very thing in 1873, stripping silver of its equal coinage right with gold; that it was Wall street and Lombard street that were the aggressors; not Colorado nor the West; not the debtor class.

"But," said the Senator in closing this part of his speech, "I am not going to stay at odds with our distinguished friend at the grave of Jefferson. There was one thing that Jefferson said about money which we will concur in, and that is, 'that one warm thought is worth more than money,' and giving him the warm thoughts that one upon his native heath should feel an honored guest, I would venture to say to him as Falstaff said to Prince Henry, 'No more of that, Hal, and thou lovest me.' Indeed, we will have here to-day the free coinage of warm thoughts on the double standard of Massachusetts and Virginia, and I am willing to amplify the code of our Democratic comrade, Tim Campbell of New York, and say, for to-day at least, 'neither money nor the constitution ought to come between friends.'"

A COLORADO BLIZZARD.

The Worst Snow Storm Ever Known—Fearful Gales—Showers of Red and Black Mud.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DENVER, COL., April 13.—Cripple Creek reports the greatest loss and fatalities are feared in the hills surrounding the camp, where several hundred men are prospecting without any protection from the storm. Five buildings in Cripple Creek were blown down, including a three-story store and a lodging house occupied by 74 roomers, and a residence occupied by Fred Bierbower, paying teller of the First National Bank. The wind ranged from 50 to 80 miles an hour.

At Lander, Wyoming, there was a mud storm preceded by snow, that covered the ground to the depth of two inches. Following this came a shower of red mud, succeeded by a fall of black mud that covered houses and people with a slimy coat.

RATON, N. M., April 13.—The worst snow storm ever known in this vicinity prevailed here yesterday. All northbound trains on the Santa Fe are tied up. Several hunting parties left here yesterday and there are grave fears that all have perished, as the cold has been intense, with the snow making it impossible for any one to see more that three or four feet.

GREATER NEW YORK.

Veto Messages by Mayor Strong of New York and Mayor Wurster of Brooklyn Read in the State Senate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALBANY, April 13.—The veto message of Mayor Strong, of New York city, of the Lexow Greater New York bill, was read in the Senate to-night, when it for the first time was made public. As soon as it was read, on motion of Senator Lexow, it was laid on the table to be printed. The veto message of Mayor Wurster, of Brooklyn, and the message of approval of Mayor Gleason, of Long Island City, on the same bill, which have already been published, were also read and tabled for printing. The bill itself was laid on the table and will next come up when a motion is made to pass the bill over the vetoes of the mayors.

FUNERAL OF EX-GOV. HOLT

At Graham Yesterday Morning—Many Prominent People Present.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 13.—The funeral of ex-Gov. Thos. M. Holt was held this morning at Graham. The remains were taken to the Presbyterian church there from the Governor's late home at Haw River. There were twenty-two honorary pall-bearers, among them Governor Carr and other State officers. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. McCorkle. The burial was in the cemetery at Graham. Many prominent people from North Carolina and Virginia were present.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

ALABAMA FOR SILVER.

JOHNSTON, A NATIVE OF NORTH CAROLINA, SWEEPS THE STATE.

A Ridiculous Claim that the State Convention Will Indorse the Cleveland Administration and Favor the Gold Standard.

[Washington Post Special.]

MONTGOMERY, April 13.—Further reports from the counties in Alabama confirm the nomination of Joseph F. Johnston, of Jefferson county, a free silver man, by the Democrats of this State, for Governor, over Richard H. Clarke, the sound money advocate and aspirant. Capt. Johnston's representation now appears to be 374 in the State Convention of 504 delegates, though there is some dispute about one or two of the counties.

It is believed however, that the State Convention, which meets here on the 21st, will adopt a sound money platform and indorse the administration of Mr. Cleveland.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., April 13.—The result of yesterday's Democratic primaries held throughout the State seems to have resolved itself into a claiming contest. The managers for Capt. Joseph F. Johnston, free silver candidate for Governor, claim 374 delegates to the State Convention, 74 for Congressman R. H. Clarke, sound money candidate, and 58 doubtful. The Clarke managers claim 260 for Clark and 246 for Johnston, provided Clarke holds Jefferson county (Birmingham) which is Johnston's home. This county is now for Clarke but contests which are pending may give it to Johnston. There are a number of other contests in the State, and as Johnston controls the State committee, as well as numerous county committees, his chances are the best on contests.

While the figures of the Johnston leaders are regarded as inaccurate, it seems well nigh certain to-night that Johnston has won. The county conventions Wednesday, which elect delegates to the State Convention, can alone determine what his majority will be. It is reported to-night that Clarke has lost Barbour county, and if this is true, as it seems to be, he is defeated beyond doubt.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., April 13.—The *State Herald's* estimate of the vote by counties and delegates to the State Democratic Convention as furnished Saturday is to day confirmed by the latest advices from all over Alabama as substantially correct. Of the 504 votes in the State Convention, Johnston, bimetallist, is assured of 357; Clarke, single gold standard, 94, and 53 are yet doubtful. There was some doubt about Jefferson, the largest county in the State, until to-day with authentic returns gives the county to Johnston by a small but decisive majority. Great interest was centred in a contest between two candidates for the State Senate for this county, because they represented M. A. Porter, for the single gold standard, and R. M. Cunningham the free coinage man of both gold and silver at 16 to 1. They had jointly debated the money question all over the county. Both candidates were esteemed as unusually able advocates of their respective views and the result of the election is conceded to have been a fair test. Cunningham and free silver defeated Porter by a majority of 1,000. Captain Johnston had some so-called sound money supporters in the State, but he was throughout his canvass an avowed bimetallist, and there is no doubt from the character of the delegations which have been selected that the State Convention which meets at Montgomery on the 21st instant will adopt an out and out 16 to 1 free silver platform and send a solid delegation of that sort to the National Convention at Chicago.

This Settles It.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., April 13.—Captain Jos. F. Johnston, the free silver candidate, will have not less than 390 out of 504 votes. The *News*, a gold standard paper, concedes his nomination. He has carried Jefferson county, which was claimed by Clarke.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Prince of Sagan and M. Hermant, dramatic author, fought a duel yesterday on the race course at Auteuil, a suburb of Paris. The weapons used were pistols. Four shots were exchanged, but neither of the combatants was wounded.

Walter Chamberliss, a train hand on the A. C. L., stealing a ride on the north-bound mail train at Petersburg, Va., jumped off at a street crossing, was caught under the train and both his legs were cut off. He was taken to a hospital, where he died later on in the day.

Acting on the advice of his physician Hon. Chas. F. Crisp has been compelled to give up the appointments for speaking which he had. He and Secretary Smith have met in four joint debates, and since the second one, which was at Atlanta, Judge Crisp has not been a well man.

William Wassom committed suicide at Bluff City, Tenn., by shooting himself in the mouth with a pistol. He was a deacon in the Emanuel Church which had been destroyed by fire and had been accused by another leading member of firing the church. His trial was to have been held to morrow.

The principal bout at the boxing tournament of the Empire Athletic Club of New York last night at Maspeth, L. I., was the one between Irving G. Griffo, of Australia, and Charlie McKeever, of Philadelphia, 20 rounds at catch weights. McKeever got the decision after the full 20 rounds.

A special to the Columbia *State* from Georgetown, S. C., reports that the *Saucy Lass* a small two-masted schooner passing north, was seized off the bar at that point yesterday by the United States marshal as a Cuban filibuster. The commander denies the charge but is offering his property for sale.

The will of Mr. John Pope, vice president of the American Tobacco Company, was probated in Richmond, Va., yesterday. The estate is valued at $1,750 000 and the bulk of it is left to Mr. Pope's brother and three sisters. There are bequests of from $1 000 to $5,000 to a number of Catholic and charitable institutions.

He Pardoned the Deception.

"Then you have deceived me?"

"Yes, Alfred."

"And you married me knowing that you were rich?"

"Yes, Alfred."

She now concealed nothing, nothing of the terrrible fiction whereby she had led him to believe her poor.

"Can you forgive me, Alfred?"

With pleading, contrite eyes she watched in his face the evidences of the struggle that waged in his bosom.

"Yes," he answered, at last. "We will live it down."

And they did.

He even quit his job and devoted himself exclusively to living it down.—Detroit Tribune.

Scrupulous.

Student—For this insult I challenge you to pistols!

Commercial Traveler—All right, but first you will have to take out a shooting license, for my name is Hare.—Grenzbote.

"The day before yesterday," announces an Irish paper, "Mr. O'Flinn fell from his horse and broke his neck, but sustained no other injury."

Only six persons out of each 1,000 live to be 75 years old, and only one reaches the century mark.

And His Presence Disturbed the Audience Not Less Than the Actors.

Up to the year 1746 there seems to have been no regular and permanent theater in Scotland. In that year the foundation stone of the Canongate theater was laid by Mr. Lacy Ryan of the Covent Garden theater, London. At the prices then customary (1s, 2s. 6d., 1s. 6, and 1s.) a full house was worth from £60 to £65. On special occasions, such as the benefit of a popular actor, as much as £70 was taken, but only by admitting spectators to the wings and even to the stage itself. Sometimes the stage was so crowded in this way that the actors had not sufficient room to carry out their "business" properly, and, if engaged in a duel, had to shorten their lunges for fear of pinking a patron. It is to the credit of Garrick that he was the first to set his face against this abuse and to close the stage door even to a prince of the blood.

Those were days in which every theater led a precarious existence. Actors were barely tolerated. They were, legally, "vagabonds." Their profession was considered immoral, not only by the great bulk of the public, but, in a way, by themselves. A curious illustration of this had been afforded a little while before at a theater in London. In a play called "The Sorcerer" (titles repeat themselves) a dance of fiends was to be performed. They were masked and dressed in the usual manner, with all the Dantesque accessories to make them terrible. They were 19 in number. But, in the midst of their performance, they discovered to their horror that a thirteenth had joined himself to them. This was too much for the actors.

Conscious of the fact that they were considered by most men fit candidates for the special attentions of the arch fiend, they fled in all directions before the unwelcome visitor, if haply they might yet escape the destruction which they believed was coming upon them. Owing to this general stampede, the supernumerary devil was never unmasked. But when the panic was over, it was remembered that there was a thirteenth infernal toilet, which might have been assumed for the occasion by some practical joker. At the time, however, the direct interposition of satan was firmly believed by the actors and the audience. The actors fled; the audience dispersed to carry to their homes the tidings of this terrible avatar. And so profoundly did it affect the imagination of some of the spectators that they professed to have seen the intruder fly away through the roof of the theater, and to have been themselves almost suffocated by the resiluary stench.—Gentleman's Magazine.

Sources of Great French Fortunes.

Mme. Bouciaut was first a laundress and the daughter-in-law of a laundress, who married a hatter at Mortagne, in Normandy. She was engaged in the laundering department at the Petit St. Thomas mart and found her opportunity in lot sales of damaged silks and odds and ends of machine made lace. She used at night to make up what she bought at these sales into cravats, jackets and children's frocks, according to patterns she studied at the Petit St. Thomas. On her way in the morning to her work she sold them in a market. She did so well that she had soon to get help, and then took a poky shop in the Rue du Bac, where the west entrance to the Bon Marche now stands. The rule was cheapness. Nobody was ever taken in.

In the tentative struggles she and her husband learned business without heavy risk. She could not be called an old woman when she died. After giving away nearly £3,000,000 in acts of justice, friendship and benevolence she left a fortune valued at over £7,000,000.—London Truth.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

A waiter was found yesterday which was left the morning of the baraing of the Home School building, which was sent with a lunch to the firemen. Owner can obtain same by calling at the STAR office. apr 12 tf

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall Street, New York. ap 9 3t* th su tu

Elocution—Few more pupils. No tuition received in advance. Terms modera e. Best city references 213 North Front street (up-stairs) mar 15 1m* su tu

Just received one car Jamaica Bananas, 10 barrels Russett and 40 crates Western, N. C., Apples; 25 sacks Irish Potatoes and Onions, Butter Beans, Peas, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, N. C. Hams, Cakes and Crackers, Candies of all kinds, Nuts, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges and Peanuts, in lots to suit at A. S. Winstead's, Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers, 118 North Second street. ap 3 D&W tf

Photographic novelties, Photos with high gloss, Photos with no gloss, Photos $1.00 per dozen and up. Frames cheap. Satisfaction guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. mar 26 tf

Besides all the latest and most fashionable drinks free lunch will be served daily from 11 a. m. to 1 p m., at A. P. Levy's, on Princess street. mar 11 tf

For the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store, No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Bartholomay Bock Beer,

Rochester, New York, on draught.

A. P. LEVY,
mar 31 tf French Cafe.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt.

WHAT DO YOU LOOK FOR AT THIS STORE?

Good goods, good value. We have worked hard at all three. To-morrow we start another stock at quick selling. It is the

Dress Goods, Silks and Wash Goods,

The largest selection ever shown in this city.

Dress Goods Again.

Never in such a position to serve your every need as now. The big stock fairly sparkles with spring freshness. Whatever your Dress Goods thought may be, here will you find its materialization. As to prices—well, they're right, or we couldn't do the business.

Seductive Silks.

Not a woman in the town but what will have a new Silk Waist this Spring, and we would like the contract for supplying them. Your waist is here. Come in and select it from these new lots. Don't let price disturb you. A little money goes a long way in this silk matter.

About That New Carpet.

The best Eastern makers come to us first and we plucked the choicest numbers of their collection; and then the sewing and laying done by experts, are sure to be right.

Our Wash Goods

Are deserving of your early inspection. Neat patterns, bright colors, excellent fabrics, and such prices as you find here and only here.

The Hosiery Section

Is at the height of its usefulness. Note the throng of busy buyers as they come and go. Want to make a Hosiery customer of you. We keep the honest, wearable sorts, you know.

We Can Fit You With a Proper Corset.

Our saleswomen know the make or makes best suited to you. If your Corsets haven't worn well through, not fitting well, let us attend to your Corset wants.

We are sole Agents for the W. B. Corsets (America's leading Corset). Just received the New Bicycle Corset, only $1.00 a pair.

OUR BARGAIN DAY (FRIDAY) FIFTY BARGAINS.

Samples mailed on application. Mention this paper.

C. W. POLVOGT & CO.,
ap 12 tf No. 9 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

What Can I Write?

I Do Not Know.

We have so much to say I know not where to begin.

We will say change your wearing apparel, and begin life anew. Come out in bright and pleasing costumes. Lay aside your heavy Winter Clothing and put on New Stylish Goods. Be equal to all living nature. The bare branches of the giant oak is no longer to be seen, but instead, the tender buds of green. Now let us follow in their wake; push forward and never take a back seat. We stand ready to help you by selling new and desirable goods of every style to meet the wants of the stylish, and at prices to meet the approval of the humble. We will not go into a long description as to quality, but quote the hard Cash Prices on all classes of goods, and guarantee

All Goods Sold as Advertised.

36-inch wide White Homespun, 3½c.
30 inch Sea Island, best grade, 5c.
36-inch Fine Bleached, worth 8c, for 6c.
36 inch Fine Bleached, worth 6c, for 4½c.
26 inch Fine, Heavy Dress Plaid Suiting, 10c.
33-inch Fine Dress Plaids, 10c.
34-inch wide, 15c.
25-inch wide Heavy Checked Homespun, 8½c.
27-inch Linen Shambre, 5c.
98 inch Fine Zephyr Gingham, worth 8c, for 5c.
Very pretty nice style Dress Gingham, 4c.
Beautiful Shirt Waist Calico, 4c.
A Splendid Mattress, extra heavy bed tick, 8c.
A. C. A. Bed Tick, warranted feather-proof, and the best Tick made, 30 inches wide, at 12½c worth 18c.

Beautiful Spring Lawns, 5c.

One line at 6c are worth 8c.
We have all grades of Linen Lawns.
36-inch in the New Spring Styles, 12½c.
Fine, Pretty Lawns, in solid colors, 18c.
Fine line Tassa Silk, 10c.
All wool Nuns Veiling for evening dresses, 15c.
36-inch wide, half wool, beautiful Spring Dress Goods, 12½c in gray only, a job.

Black Brilliantean, in fanc